THE MEREDITH EAGLE.

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MY OWN GIRL.

Fifteen shillings—no more, Sir—
The wages I weekly touch,
For labor steady and sore, Sir,
It isn't a deal too much;
Your money has wings in the city,
And vanishes left and right,
But I hand a crown to Kitty
As sure as Saturday night.
Bless her, my own, my wee,
She's better than gold to me!

She lives in a rocking court, Sir,
With roguery, drink, and woe;
But Kitty has never a thought, Sir,
That isn't as white as snow—
She hasn't a thought or feeling
An angel would blush to meet;
I love to think of her kneeling
And praying for me so sweet.
Bless her, my own, my wee,
She's better than gold to me!

I must be honest and simple,
I must be manly and true,
Or how could I pinch her dimple,
Or gaze in her frank eyes' blue?
I feel, not anger, but pity,
When workmates go to the bad;
I say, "They've never a Kitty—
They'd all keep square if they had."
Bless her, my own, my wee,
She's better than gold to me!

One day she will stand at the altar,
Modest, and white, and still,
And forth from her lips will falter
The beautiful, low, "I will."
Our home shall be bright and pretty
As ever a poor man's may,
And my soft little dove, my Kitty,
Shall nest in my heart for aye.
Bless her, my own, my wee,
She's better than gold to me!

FREDERICK LANGBRIDGE.

MARJORIE REED.

BY JENNY WREN.

Marjorie Reed was neither belle nor beauty, nor could she boast of lands nor lordly wealth. She was but a simple little wayside flower—the daughter of honest folk, but at the time our story opens an orphan.

Her father, a fisherman, had been lost at sea three years before, and her mother had not long survived the awful shock.

Marjorie was but seventeen then, but already there was an honest lad enough who thought her none too young to make a good and true wife to him.

It was no sudden thing, this love of John Harwood's. It had nestled deep down in his heart ever since she was a tiny girl, and he, a great, awkward boy, had held the hand which seemed so small as it lay in his brown palm, while they walked, or he carried her in his arms across the rough places which they chanced to meet.

Long years back he had determined that so he would like to lead and carry her through life; and so, when she was left desolate and alone, he spoke.

She listened in a strange, bewildered way to his words. He had seemed to her always to hold the same position which other girls, more blessed than she, would find in their brothers, and she shrank from this new way of looking at him—shrank as would have told a wiser, more experienced man betokened little hope of her heart's awakening; but John Harwood was not wise, and at the feet of this little, untutored girl he had poured the whole passionate love of his life.

"Wait a while, please, John," she had said, when he had pleaded for his answer. "It's all true you say. I am alone in the world now, and very lonely, but I am not old enough to know how to make a good wife, and—and, John, I don't think I love you quite that way."

But that latter statement he refused to credit. He would wait as long as she might ordain, but at the end she must give him his reward.

So one, two, and nearly three years had passed, and he was waiting still, strong in courage, in patience and in hope; but just when he thought the end nearing—just when his hand was eagerly extending itself to grasp the long-coveted prize—it was snatched beyond his reach, and lost to him forever.

There was no circumstance missing to make the reality wholly hard and bitter. Alex Winston had one day, wholly by chance, moored his trading-vessel on the sands on which the little town was built.

Wholly by chance he and Marjorie had met; wholly by chance he and Marjorie had loved; for so it was. Plentiful as were the pretty girls along the coast, not one of them had won, with all their arts, what had fallen to little Marjorie's unthinking hands like dew from heaven. Brave, handsome Alex loved her.

In the evening of the day she plighted her troth to him, John came up to the cottage, as he always came at nightfall, and before she could tell him, he reproached her for coquetting with a stranger.

"It is no coquetry, John," she answered him. "I love him, and I am to be his wife."

For the first time in her presence, a great oath escaped his lips, and, white as marble, he sprang up from his chair.

"I will kill you first, and him!" he hissed between his teeth; and, with no further word, strode out from the house.

But she forgave him the bitter words, because by her own new-born love she could measure the suffering which through his had come to him. Until that moment she had not realized that she had done the man a cruel wrong.

She meant to tell Alex when he came, but fear lest it should make him angry, and breed yet greater bitterness between the two, kept her silent. Alex was too joyous and happy to notice the slight frown upon her brow. Besides, he was full of a new purpose. He wished to make Marjorie his bride at once, he said. His and his good ship were off for a long voyage, and he must leave his little wife behind him.

Marjorie's demurral was very feeble. She felt his name would be a protection to her when he was gone. Heretofore John had protected her; but now she suddenly realized that she might no longer lean upon him.

So when Alex left her, he carried with him her promise that the following Sunday should hear read their bans; but of John neither had spoken. Neither did she see him in the three weeks, at the end of which was set her wedding-day.

Absorbed in her new joy, she found scarcely time to wonder at this; but on the eve before her marriage was to take place, she sent for him, but shrank away, afraid, when, in answer to her summons, he came into her presence, and she saw the awful change this little time had wrought in him.

Timidly she held out to him her hands; but the only words she could command, in sight of the dumb agony written on his face, were a plea for pardon.

"Forgive me, John!" she murmured.

But he laughed a harsh, shrill laugh, as he replied:

"For what? You have done me no wrong, for you'll never be wife to Alex Winston. He's light o' love!"

And with these cruel words he left her.

She was foolish, she told herself, to give them an instant's weight. Would not Alex, brave and happy, prove them false on the to-morrow? To-night she would not see him. He was giving a supper in the town—perhaps at that very minute was lifting his glass to his lips with a toast for her.

Still, spite of her faith, her heart felt heavy. The night was long, and she greeted eagerly the morning light as it came through her windows.

Several of her companions came in to assist at the wonderful toilet. She was almost pretty when all was completed, and she sat with a faint rose-flush on her cheek, listening for her lover's step.

Surely he would not be late, she thought, as the hands of the clock moved with strange rapidity toward the hour.

It struck at last, but Alex had not come. The rose flush faded, and she grew very pale, but her friends laughed at her fears, until by-and-by their laughter died, and an ominous silence fell upon the little group.

Another hour went by, and then the door of the little cottage opened, but only the good priest stood upon the threshold—he who had held Marjorie in his arms and baptized her, an infant.

He made a motion that he should be left alone with her, and then all knew that something terrible had happened—yes, something terrible, indeed!

Just in what words he told her, they could not know, but the secret could not be kept secret long.

In the darkness of the night, Alex Winston had weighed anchor and sailed away to sea, deserting his bride, while the first faint dawn of his wedding day was in the east.

How would Marjorie bear it? they asked, one of the other, but none of the lines laid down for her did she follow.

She simply ceased to live, and began to *exist*. She ate, drank and slept, perhaps, but did all things as in a dream; but *never* did the name of Alex pass her lips.

When others spoke of him she listened silently. No one ever saw her weep—no one ever heard her moan. She seemed a marble statue, possessed of life in its essence but not in its soul.

A year passed, and all things were unchanged. No tidings had ever reached the little village of the recreant lover, and the romance was almost forgotten.

It was the anniversary of her wedding day, and Marjorie sat alone, when a knock sounded on the cottage door. She rose and opened it.

John Harwood stood upon the threshold. It was his first visit since the utterance of his fatal prophecy.

"Let me come in, Marjorie!" he pleaded. "My heart's starving, but I didn't dare come, for fear lest you'd blame me that my words came true."

Silently she held open the door, and he passed in and took a chair.

"Haven't you forgotten him yet?" he asked, and there was almost fierceness in his tone.

"Hush!" she answered. "We will talk of other things."

"Of ourselves, my girl, maybe. Oh, Marjorie, don't let all the folks see as you're wearing the willow yet for a man that deserted you—that maybe had another wife beyond the seas! Haven't I proved my love and my faith, and won't you give it its reward at last? I'll never rest till you're my wife. Oh, Marjorie, don't deny me."

"Would you marry a corpse," she said, slowly, after a minute's pause. "And what's a body without heart or soul but a corpse? No, John—I'd only make you more miserable. Besides, there is some mystery behind all this, and one day I shall find it out."

"A mystery? Nonsense, girl!" he answered, roughly. "You make the mystery, like all silly women. Be sensible, and show the world that Alex Winston has not blighted your life. I'll try to make you happy—indeed I will, my little girl!"

But his pleading was in vain. The only difference it made was that no day passed now that she did not see him.

He did not speak again of his love, and sometimes would sit in perfect silence by her side; but every day the slight form grew more fragile and the large eyes bigger.

The grief to which Marjorie would give no outward vent was creeping like insidious poison through her veins. Her heavy burden she would soon lay down.

This the man seemed not to suspect—until, one evening, speaking to her, she gave no answer, and, bending over her, he discovered she had swooned in her chair. When she recovered consciousness, she smiled.

"It is nothing," she said. "I have grown used to it. Only when it all is over, John, you will tell Alex, if you see him, that my love was stronger than my life."

"You mean—" he gasped, hoarsely.

"I mean that I am dying, John. Ah, you will forgive me now the wrong I never meant to do you!"

But like one gone mad, John Harwood rushed from the room and house.

The next day, Marjorie looked for him in vain, and the next, and next, first with a dull pain that he, too, had forsaken her, and then in quiet apathy as her own weakness grew upon her, and she felt the end was drawing near. Every day it was more and more effort to rise, and at last she ceased to make it, and lay white and still upon her pillows.

So she was lying one evening in the twilight, when she heard the front door softly open, and a man's step cross the outer room. At her door he paused. The twilight gray wrapped his figure in its indistinct gloom, but she saw and recognized it. It was Alex who stood before her. Not a flesh-and-blood Alex—that, of course, was impossible—but a spirit born of her great longing.

"My love!" she called. "Ah, God has sent me an angel wearing his shape!"

But, lo! as she spoke the figure moved forward, and fell with a groan on its knees beside her.

"Marjorie! Forgive me!" he murmured; and then he told her all.

Flushed with wine, and exultant with happiness, he had gone out that night, from the place where he and his companions had gathered, to find a man waiting for him outside—waiting to pour into his ear a cruel, black and bitter lie concerning the honor of the girl he was about to wed.

"That any man could be so base, I never dreamed of. He maddened me; he even promised to confront me with you. I listened, and fancied I believed him. In my despair, I sent my ship out that night to sea, praying the first storm might engulf both it and me. But, darling, I repented later on, and wrote you. I know now my letters never reached you, in which I prayed you to tell me all the truth. He intercepted and destroyed them, yet I have forgiven him, dear. His love made him mad. He thought thus should he win you; but he discovered too late he had but snatched you from me to give you to death. Then he sought and found me to tell me all. Marjorie, my darling, I am here! Oh, my love, will you not live for me?"

"Yes," she murmured, faintly, while her arms stole about his neck and clung there; and faint as was the whisper it was prophetic.

Slowly, very slowly, health and strength came back. While yet the end was uncertain, the solemn words were spoken which made her Alex's wife, and from that moment the tide turned. But he who had wrought both wrong and reparation was henceforth a wanderer. He had won their forgiveness, but his own he might never win.
—*Saturday Night.*

A Model Village.

Probably few Americans ever heard of the obscure German town of Klingenberg-on-Main, not far from Aschaffenburg; but nevertheless it is a town well worth knowing and imitating. It seems that the town corporation has a large interest in certain quarries which have recently become very valuable; and the result is that not only are there no taxes levied in this little Utopia, but every burger is presented at Christmas with a sum of money equivalent to $25. The Cologne *Gazette* says that at the celebration of the Sedan festival this year the corporation of the town "gave gifts to its householders and children of all ages actually attending school. Each head of a family received two marks—every schoolboy and girl twenty pfennings, or about twopence halfpenny. On the occasion, moreover, a few months ago, of opening a bridge across the Main, built by the municipality at a cost of £10,000—not a farthing of which was contributed by the townsmen—a bonus of ten shillings per head was handed to each burger, and all the school children got sixpence apiece." It is difficult for the ring-ridden and taxridden cities of the New World to conceive the possibility of such a state of affairs as this.

Love at Newport.

A Newport letter to the *World* says: In the summer of 1879 there came to Newport a gentleman of distinguished mein and the owner also of a distinguished surname. He had not been here a great while before he fell in love with a young lady who was visiting one of our best known summer visitors. Fortunately, however, as the young man thought, he discovered that her friends were not wealthy, and his ardor cooled, and what was understood to be an engagement was at an end. In the year 1880 he came back again, and once more fell in love, this time with a lady whose friends "cut a dash." The marriage took place in New York that fall, and not long afterward the fortune-hunter discovered that his bride and her friends were even worse off than he, for he really had a moderate income. The marriage has proved a most unhappy one. A separation is talked of; in fact it is stated that arrangements have been made looking to that end. The gentleman passed a small portion of the season here, and it is no secret among his intimate friends that the financial condition of the wife's family is the cause of all the trouble. Of course society laughs.

THE LAND OF ICEBERGS.

Lieut. Danenhower's Story of the Jeannette Exploring Expedition.

Lieut. Danenhower, in his lecture on the Polar regions, begins by describing the christening of the Jeannette and the Government's connection with the expedition. The first people that the crew saw in the land of snow and ice were of the Indian type, and, singularly enough, fond of spirits and dancing. It was at St. Michael's that the dogs and sledges were procured. They paid high tribute to the two dog-drivers. The crew was told that the drivers would do well until they encountered danger, when they would desert the explorers, but they proved brave and true men. In the storm on Behring's Sea the Jeannette proved a good sea craft. This explanation was made in view of the discussions on her behavior in the storm. When Wrangel Land was sighted on Sept. 6, 1879, the dangers commenced. There was ice on all sides. The great fields of ice were driven to and fro by the wind, and Lieut. Danenhower asked what in the world could withstand the power of hundreds of square miles of ice when in motion. When the ship was tipped up at an angle of fifteen degrees, the fate of the craft seemed sealed to every one. The sun was lost on Sept. 9, and there was a beautiful moon all day during October. Wrangel Land was in sight when it was clear, and when misty it could be seen in the clouds. After the craft broke away and drifted into new ice, only to be frozen in again, the long winter nights began. Incongruous though it might seem, strict discipline was necessary to keep up the spirits of the men. They busied themselves making skin clothing, and became very handy in this work. The arctic nights, the speaker said, were very dark in the morning from eight to ten o'clock, but at other times were clear, except in a storm. The auroras were not so bright as the Lieutenant had seen them in Chicago and elsewhere. Among the displays were auroral curtains and arches.

When the ship was found to be leaking, Jan. 19, 1880, the men worked knee deep in the ice water. The Jeannette drifted during the winter, and hunting was the principal diversion. A singular thing about seals was observed. They were very inquisitive. They would come up to see the hunter and then go down. Invariably they would rise the second time to gratify their curiosity, and then was found the time to shoot them. Walrus was shot to secure food for the dogs. Bear hunting was more exciting. The animals would venture near the ship out of pure curiosity. At first the dogs were afraid to give chase to them, but they soon recovered from their fear when they learned that a capture meant meat for them. One plucky dog seized a bear by the tail as it was retreating. The bear plunged into the water and the dog was towed across the open space. He held on until the hunters came up, and the bear was killed. The meat of the bears and seal was coarse, and the men hailed with joy the coming of Wednesday, when pork and beans were served. The succeeding summer proved really less comfortable than the winter. It was foggy and cold, and as rigid economy in fuel was practiced the ship was damp and comfortless.

The manner in which the Jeannette went down and how the ice cracked with the Captain's tent while waiting for her to go to her fate were vividly described. Tin poisoning lent new terrors to life on the ice. The lecturer had been confined in a dark room on account of his eyes, and every one thought that he would die. The mid-night sun shone in all its solar glory, and it was resolved to push on night and day. The retreat was commenced on the anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill, June 17. After Bennett Island was sighted the party were fifteen days going the twenty-five miles to reach it. When the island was reached men were sent up the cliff and knocked down birds by the hundred. The last seen of the second cutter was when Capt. De Long waved his hand in the increasing darkness of September 12, and the motion was taken as the signal to separate. The chart said that there were nine arms to the Lena Delta, when there are actually 120. The first natives seen on the Lena were tempted to come forward by holding out pemmican, which is prepared beef. With the deer-sleds the party traveled fifteen miles a day. At Verchoinska, the most northern post of Siberia, Lieut. Danenhower saw many political exiles, whom he thought might have put their time to better use than making cigarettes, smoking and cursing their fate. They were, however, intelligent.

Under the Sand.

French enterprise is steadily persevering in the work of redeeming the desert of Sahara by means of artesian wells. A large number of wells have been sunk along the northern border, more than 150 in the Province of Constantine alone, and the work is advancing into the interior. One of the curious phenomena which the digging of these wells has brought to notice is the existence of fish and crabs at great depths. The learned engineer M. Jus, who for twenty years has directed the work, avers that he once boiled and ate a crab which had been drawn up from the depth of 250 feet, and that, moreover, it was of an excellent flavor.

A MYSTERY.—An envelope marked as containing $5,000 was found to hold nothing but blank paper, on being delivered by an express messenger at a Fort Wayne bank. The puzzling question for a jury to decide is whether the money was in the package when the company received it or a fraud was perpetrated by the bankers who sent it. Positive proof of either theory is not obtainable.

Our Sanitary Condition.

WHY THERE IS SO MUCH SICKNESS IN MANY COUNTRY TOWNS.

Dr. Peters's statements on influences detrimental to health at Newport should set many residents of old towns to thinking. There is no American town or city equal in area and population to Newport that contains so many costly residences, and where there are so many people who care nothing for the expense of maintaining proper sanitary conditions. Yet the facts that Dr. Peters states show that unhealthful surroundings have affected some people in a city that should be one of the healthiest places in America. If the neglect and abuses complained of are common at Newport, what is probably the condition of many another town that boasts of old associations, picturesque views and healthful location? On the way from New York to Boston every desirable position on the Sound and the sea has been marked by a village for at least a hundred years. In each of these towns the majority of the people should look stronger, ruddier and more spirited than an equal number of people in New York or Boston, but they do not. Their lack of superior vitality has been attributed to many causes, among which are small, damp, unventilated houses, lack of variety of food, ignorance on the subject of cooking, and a general absence of bath-rooms. No resident of any of these old towns can deny, however, that whatever garbage, sewage or other filth has been disposed of by putting it underground is generally allowed to remain where it lies, no matter how much it may pollute the wells and foul the air. In such towns the death rate is but little if any less than that of large cities; apothecaries abound and so do undertakers. To have sewer gas forced its way through drain-pipes into a city house is certainly very bad, but it is not as bad as to have the noxious effluvia of a cesspool or privy vault blown into open windows all day and all night, or to drink water from wells into which vile drainage finds its way by percolation. One resident of a beautiful old town not far from New York recently discovered five old vaults in his garden, all of them being within one hundred feet of the well; he promptly ceased using well water, and also ceased to wonder why all previous occupants of the house had been sick. Such cases are frequent, and yet there is nothing to which the residents of an old town will object so earnestly as to a Board of Health, although new villagers start in rivalry to the old, and secure the greater portion of the city's overflow of population by reason of their superior healthfulness.

As a number of old towns within fifty miles of New York will soon begin again to bid for city tenants, may it not be profitable for them to pay some attention to their sanitary condition?—*New York Herald.*

Virtues of Hard Work.

And take off your coat early in the fight, my son. Don't be afraid of hard work. It can't hurt you. Ten o'clock isn't too late to knock off, and 5 o'clock doesn't come so very early in the morning, to a young man. It doesn't come so early as 3, by two hours, and yet how often do you go to bed at 3? No? I'm glad to hear you say it, because while 3 o'clock is a very early hour at which to rise, it is paradoxically a very late one at which to go to bed. In order to be up with the lark in the morning, Telemachus, it isn't at all necessary to sit up with him all night. But if you are at work, the midnight oil won't hurt you. It will do you good, because the hard workers are long livers. You'll never work yourself to death, my boy. Now there's your sister; she is more liable to overwork herself than any man you ever knew. I believe the ceaseless, monotonous sound of old Eurydice's household duties and domestic cares, or young Narcissa's worry over the family laundry would kill the oldest man in America in a week. It is true that woman's work goes on forever, but then, bless your soul, fair Hermione, don't let that worry you. You don't go on forever to do it all. And you don't have all of it to do, even where you live. Man's work goes on forever, too; and I'm glad of it. But I'm not going to stay here to do it all, and I shan't do any more of my own while I do stay, than I am obliged to. Don't fret because woman's work goes on forever. You will have shirts to make and socks to darn for Neoptolemus not more than fifty or sixty years anyhow. And as for you Telemachus, it isn't hard work that destroys young men; it's the intervals that kill. It's the relaxation that hurts. Some time you may wake in the morning with the worst head upon you that ever made you sigh for death. And you weren't sitting up to work until 2 a. m., either. You will know there isn't a line of Virgil or a unit of mathematics, or one stroke of honest hard work in that headache that is going to throw one more wasted day into your bright young life. If you had burned the midnight oil over the workbench, at the forge or at the desk or at the lathe, it would never have manufactured such a headache as that. It might, and it would send you to bed tired as a shadow of death, but you would open your eyes next morning on an honest world of hope and sunshine and manly ambition, without a blush of shame in all its radiance. You'll never work yourself to death, my boy. The harder you work, the less mischief and trouble you will get into.—BURDETTE.

WHY HE SHOT HIM.—"He did a dishonorable thing to me, and that's why I shot him," said Patterson, after firing on Burke, in Indianapolis. Burke's displeasing act was to advise a greenhorn, whom Patterson intended to rob, to leave most of his money in a hotel safe before going out on a spree.

He Sat Down.

We were running through South Carolina when a big giant of a fellow with a terrible eye and a voice like a fog-horn boarded the train at a small station. I think most of the passengers sized him up as a chap whom it would be dangerous to argue with, but the giant wasn't satisfied with that. He blustered at the conductor, growled at the brakeman and looked around as if seeking some one to pick a fuss with. Everybody answered him civilly, and he had two or three seats to himself, but the man who wants a row can generally find some pretext. About the centre of the car a pale-looking chap about twenty-five years old occupied a seat and was reading a newspaper. After a time the giant rubbed along to where the young man sat and growled out:

"Stranger, what may be the first cost of such a hat as yours?"

The young man looked up with a flash in his big blue eyes, and then returned to his paper without replying.

"Hey! Did you hear me?" roared the other as he leaned over the seat and lifted the hat off the young man's head.

Quicker than one could count six a shining revolver came from you couldn't tell where, lifted itself on a level with the big man's eye, and the white fingers clutching the butt never trembled a hair's breadth as a quiet voice uttered the words:

"Drop that hat!"

The hat fell from the giant's grasp, and the quiet voice continued:

"Now you sit down or I'll kill you!"

The muzzle of the weapon was not six inches from the man's eye, and I saw him turn from red to white in ten seconds. He backed away at the command, sat down in a seat opposite, and never stood up or spoke another word during his ride of twenty miles. He had a "navy" under his coat, but something in that quiet voice and blue eye warned him that to move a finger on his part would crash a bullet into his head.
—M. QUAD.

A Moral in It.

Whalebone Hoker was one of the first arrivals at the hall of the Lime-Kiln Club, and on his way through the alley to the entrance he picked up an inkstand full of blue ink which had probably been lost by some millionaire. As he exhibited his find to the janitor, the latter offered to bet him a new hat that he could not but the stand in his mouth. Brother Hoker never takes a bluff if the object is smaller than a six-quart pail. He opened his rat-trap, took in the bottle, and was about to exhibit seventeen different sorts of enthusiasm, when he discovered that getting the bottle out was quite another matter. He began to choke and kick and dance about, and when Pickles Smith and other members entered in a body they found Samuel Shin patting the victim on the back with the broom and shouting "Murder," at the top of his voice. A committee of five members consulted on the situation for seven minutes, and then threw Hoker on his back and broke the bottle by punching it with the stove-poker. After the victim had swallowed the ink, and spit out the bottle and been laid on a bench in the ante-room he gradually revived and was able to converse in two languages when the meeting opened.

BEN BOLT.

"It seems to me dat dar' am a moral heah somewhar,'" said Brother Gardner as the triangle sounded. "De man who bites off mo' dan he kin chaw am wuss off dan de man who doan' bite at all. While a pusson may pick up a few shillin's now an' den by swallowin' stove rivers, rat-traps, tin pails an' ole hats, dar am twice de dignity in losin' dollars by tryin' to pull a No. 12 bute ober a No. 14 foot. De Committee on Reception hun will now purceed to de ante-room an' bring in de Hon. Skyfustus Goggins, of Athens, Ga., who am heah to address de club on de subjeck of 'De Weak Side of Great Men.'"—*Detroit Free Press.*

Heroism and Sugar.

On the late hasty homeward flight from Philadelphia of Mr. Tug Wilson, famous as the man who declined to be knocked out by Mr. Sullivan in four rounds, it was carefully explained that he would return in October to train for his projected fight with Mr. James Elliott. He was to bring back his wife and children with him, so that domestic ties might not wholly be broken during attention to professional business. But on arriving in England, it seems, he found himself an international hero, like Sir G. Wolseley or Sir H. Halford, and the incense of admiration for his accomplished exploits seemed pleasanter to enjoy than training for war and uncertain laurels. As Tug is reputed to have saved $5,000 for himself, besides what he earned for his employers during his brief transatlantic tour, he will probably reappear here after a time, with an increased appetite not only for professional fame but for those pecuniary sweets which he was wont to call sugar. Meanwhile, says an exchange, he may be writing a volume of travels in America, with a critical description of American institutions.

GUITEAU'S POISONED BOUQUET.—George Scoville, in an interview with a Chicago reporter, says, regarding the poisoned bouquet given to Guiteau before his execution, that on the morning of that day John W. Guiteau had charge of that bouquet and showed it to the ladies, then wrapping it up again. At the jail he gave it to the warden, who took it to Guiteau's cell. As a matter of fact, Mrs. Scoville never had the bouquet in her hands.

HAPPINESS is like an echo: it answers to your call, but does not come.

DRINKING BETWEEN MEALS.

Men who Insist on Keeping It Up Until They Get Hit.

The London *Lancet* thinks the young man about town in that city takes too many "nips" and "stims" before and after luncheon for his own good, and is under drafts upon the vitality of his stomach at all hours of the day. It holds that the use of these stimulants, apart from a wholesome lunch, is fatal to health and longevity, and is on every account to be discouraged. It even goes so far as to suggest the need of a society, the members of which will pledge themselves to drink no alcohol but at meals. The *Lancet* would doubtless prescribe the use of alcohol at meals also, if it supposed such a suggestion would have any weight with the heavy eaters and drinkers among the middle and upper classes of English society.

The genteel and fashionable, but painful disease called gout is prevalent there chiefly because of the generous port and other heavy drinks composing their dinner table libations; and their excesses in this respect are probably quite as general now as when Dickens and Thackeray depicted the social habits of London a third of a century ago. But although the suggestion falls very far short of the radical remedies of modern prohibitionists, it is an effort in the right direction. And it certainly ought to have some effect in restraining "practitioners at the bar" and visitors at the sideboard, between meals, to be told by such an eminent authority as the *Lancet* that the practice inevitably invites disease and shortens life.

Labouchere, another writer, relates his experience in testing the capacity of his stomach, with much humor and pith: "I know men will never understand that two glasses of wine help their digestion, while six disturb it; that a heavy lunch destroys afternoon brainwork, or a heavy dinner sleep; that coffee is better to sit up with than brandy; that milk and tea are better to walk and play cricket on than beer; or than the various and elegant pranks of five-and-twenty simply mean exhaustion, disease and death at five-and-fifty or sixty. In a word, I believe the question of health generally is not 'What can safely be done? but who can safely do it?' I remember, in years gone by, trying again and again to go through my supper parties in decent form; it always ended in misery.

"After the first glass or two I got no real pleasure, and always had a headache next morning; and there was MacGorman, who would go off at twelve o'clock, after drinking hard all the evening, tie a wet towel around his head, work till two o'clock, and turn up smiling at eight o'clock next morning. Of course he was a Scotchman; they are like that. But you are different, and yet you are always trying those little experiments. Others are smoking, so you smoke, and become unfit for conversation. Others sit up at night, or bathe in all weathers with impunity. It does not much matter what it is, your constitution rebels, and you will go on, for years, perhaps, tempting head, stomach and Providence—until, of course, at last you get hit."

The Mountmorres Murder.

One Flannigan and his wife, who are suspected of being connected with the murder of Lord Mountmorres at Clonbur, county Galway, Ireland, September 25, 1880, have been arrested at Cong, in that county.

Lord Mountmorres was murdered at Rusheen, within a mile of Clonbur, county Galway. He had attended a meeting of magistrates, and was seen to leave the town about eight o'clock. Half an hour afterward his horse and carriage arrived at his residence, a mile distant, without him. Search having been made, he was found lying on the side of the road, in a pool of blood, lifeless. His body was taken to Ebor Hall, the family seat. He had been in very unhappy relations with his tenants, against two of whom he had obtained decrees of ejectment just before the murder. He was forty-eight years old at the time of his death. He lived a very frugal life, his estates yielding scanty means of subsistence.

Diplomatic.

While Gen. Arthur was at Newport a Boston belle set her cap to catch him. After several unsuccessful manœuvres to detach him from the crowd, she at length accomplished her purpose, but, not knowing exactly how to introduce the conversation, tentatively observed: "I have a cousin in the Post Office Department at Washington, General." "Indeed," said the President, nervously edging away. "If you have anything to say please put it in writing and send it to the Postmaster-General. I never interfere with his appointments." Later on somebody asked the fair Bostonian "What do you think of the President?" "I understand he is a pretty good fisherman," she answered coolly.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

A LONG SPEEL.—A city paper tells us of a man in Brooklyn, who four years ago recovered $17,000 as damage for injuries incurred by a railroad accident. He went at once on a spree, which has lasted up to this time, and his money is just now used up. A long spree and an expensive one.

IT IS very comforting to a man who is just recovering from a lingering illness, and has managed to crawl out to the gate on a warm, sunshiny day to get air, to have a neighbor come along and shout cheerily: "Hullo! Been away, haven't you? Had a good time? You are looking well."—*Lowell Citizen.*

WIT AND WISDOM.

OTHER men's sins are before our eyes, our own behind our back.

ALWAYS taking out and never putting in soon reaches the bottom.

THERE is no sweeter repose than that which is purchased by labor.

WHILE learning adorns a man, let us remember that truth ennobles him.

THE art of life is to know how to enjoy a little, and to endure much.

THE wise man looks for happiness beyond the narrow ken of personal interest.

THE head, however strong it may be, can accomplish nothing against the heart.

MEN often judge the person, but not the cause, which is not justice, but malice.

HYPOCRISY is a hard game to play at, for it is one deceiver against many observers.

A WISE man reflects before he speaks; a fool speaks, and reflects on what he has uttered.

BY TAKING revenge a man is but even with his enemy; but in passing it over he is superior.

THERE is no moment of life in which we cannot find comfort in the thought that God loves us.

A GREEN BAY, Wisconsin, mother writes: "Are the children of Arabi Bey called Arabi Beybies?"

IF YOU begin by laying the foundations of your houses in lies, you will have to end by thatching it with them.

IN THE treatment of nervous cases, he is the best physician who is the most ingenious inspirer of hope.—Coleridge.

MY SOUL be on thy guard,
Bananas peels abound;
The sidewalk's very hard,
And very hard the ground.

IT TOOK a western compositor to make Mississippi River Commission read Miss Eesie Spiriver Commission.—*Boston Globe.*

"WHAT is home without a sister?" A Springfield girl works out and supports three older brothers who are always out of work.

SEVENTY million gallons of whisky are annually consumed in the United States, which accounts for the high cost of cloves and burnt coffee.

AN Iowa man was fined $10 for squeezing a woman's thumb. "At that rate," observes the *Wilmington News*, "nobody but a millionaire could afford to put an arm around her waist."

MEN and statues that are admired in an elevated situation have a very different effect upon us when we approach them; the first appears less than we imagined them, the last bigger.—Greville.

A NEW YORK manager has secured a novelty in the way of a play. The hero goes to Congress and tries to be honest. The critics, however, will probably condemn the play on the ground of its extreme improbability.—*Boston Post.*

"IF you don't like my sermons, pray what kind do you like?" said a minister to an over-candid parishioner. "Well," was the reply, "I like the kind that drives a man into the corner of his pew and makes him think that Satan is after him."

THE NEWER ASTRONOMY.

A HUMAN body weighing 160 pounds falls fifty-five feet per second. How long will it take a baby weighing thirteen pounds to fall down a pair of stairs fourteen feet high?

THERE are twenty-four newspaper reporters in Louisville, and each one kills an average of 150 cockroaches per day. How many victims would they number in 365 days?

THE length of a certain bean blower is one-third the length of a boy who is four feet high when he stands on a block five inches thick. What is the length of the blower?

IN a particular field are ninety-seven water-melons, and it is softly approached by five colored men in search of a woodchuck. How many times does ninety-seven go into five?

JAMES and Henry go fishing and agree to divide. James has two nibbles and a bite from a dog, and Henry gets two ducklings and loses a twelve shilling hat. What is the share of each?

SIX MEN put in their capital to start a co-operative store. What was left after the manager got into Canada was valued at $250, and this represented one-fifth of what each man put in. How much did the manager get away with?

ONE person out of every five in the United States has one or more corns, and the cost of effecting a cure is $1.30. What is the number of corn victims, and what would be the cost of placing every person on a sound footing?

A YOUNG man about to be married figures that $8 per week will support the family in luxury and erect a five-story building out of his savings in three years. How many days after the marriage before he will tumble to bean soup?

THE average cost of curing a sore throat is thirty-seven cents, and the number of sore throats in this county averages 21,000,000 per year. How much could America spend for going to the circus if our throats were brass-lined?

IT COSTS a political candidate $25 per head to retain thirty loafers to sling him through a convention and $150 for incidental expenses. How much is he out altogether, and in case he is left how long will it take him to make himself good by hoeing corn at $1 per day?

EVERY man who has arrived at the age of forty years has lost at least ten umbrellas worth $1 each. Estimating the number of losers at 11,000,000, and granting that one-third of them have stolen seven umbrellas worth ten shillings each, what do you make the total loss?—*Detroit Free Press.*

ASHLAND ALLEGATIONS.

Ede Gordon is on the sick list this week.

Get your job printing done at this office.

Col. Hiram Hodgdon has returned from the west.

F. M. Hughes is soon to open an insurance office here.

George Rowe has Wilder & Co's mill nearly painted.

E. F. Bailey has been shingling his house, near his mill.

The steam saw mill owned by A. J. West has shut down.

Charlie Gordon is visiting friends in Whitefield, N. H.

About 25 tickets were sold for the excursion, Wednesday.

Clarence Hunt has moved into Mrs. George Hoyt's house.

Miss Anna Doane and her mother have gone to Boston on a visit.

Ambrose Scribner has purchased C. F. Bracey's family residence.

William Nichols arrived home Tuesday, from a visit in Maine.

Sam Hodgdon and wife have been visiting her mother, Mrs. Ruth Dow.

John O'Neil, of Laconia, has been in town visiting friends the past week.

Dr. Garey can now be found at Mrs. Sarah Calley's as his office is there.

Louis Smythe has moved into the Reed house and commenced keeping house.

C. A. Huckins has two new Concord wagons which he will sell cheap for cash.

Johnnie Merrill got his hand caught in the reel at Wilder and Co's. paper mill, Saturday.

Robert Farnand, the blind man from Fisherville, has been in town this week, canvassing for books.

Dont fail to read Mrs. S. J. Brown's ad. elsewhere. She has a very large stock of goods, and her prices are low.

Lion, the old store dog, at Pollard, Hardy & Smythe's, died Sunday, from the effects of poison administered by some scoundrel.

We call the attention of our readers to the large stock of flannels just opened at Rebecca Deane's Shirting for men and dress flannels a specialty.

A barn belonging to Darius Cross situated in Bridgewater, was destroyed by fire, Tuesday night. It is supposed that it is incendiary, as Mr. Cross was absent at the time. The barn contained 10 tons of hay, farming tools, hay racks, horse sleds, etc.; loss about $800.

MEREDITH MATTERS.

Mr Kelsea has gone away

G F Gilman has gone west

George Mooney has been here

Mr French's house has been painted

Mrs Clara Hilton has returned home.

F W Elliott, of Worcester, has been here

Hodgson's new smoke stack is quite a landmark

Conductor Langdon was lately hunting in this vicinity

Rev Messrs. Davis and Bard exchanged pulpits the 8th.

D. B. Eaton is commissioner of the G M Burleigh estate

D. F. Bean is doing the teaming for the Twist Drill company.

A water pipe has been laid from Hodgson's mill to his residence

J. W Lang's block has been considerably improved of late

The Baptist church is to be shingled and otherwise improved

A good number went on the White Mountain Notch excursion.

George Swain's foot was jammed Wednesday by horse stepping upon it.

Mansfield's store recently had some glass broken by a falling timber

The late show by the Hanoverian family was good, as was the audience

The boundary dispute between Mrs Ford and Mrs Lovejoy has been adjusted

S A Ladd is receiving large quantities of wood from Centre Harbor, by boat

George Bickford has caught a coon and Messrs Kidder, Tuttle and Quimby, three

George Cummings lately had his barn and contents burned by an incendiary, it is thought.

The mail train now arrives about an hour before the express at noon, considerably earlier than usual

The village schools will soon give an entertainment at the Town Hall to buy maps, dictionaries, etc

G M Burleigh's personal goods were sold on Saturday, the 7th, and a sale of real estate will soon occur

Fred Hawkins has left the Burlington, Vt, Medical school on account of friends' illness, at home and is now attending school at Tilton.

Rev. Mr. Shinn, of Plymouth, and Prof. Mitchell, gospel singer, held a meeting in the Town Hall, Monday evening, that was well attended.

The semi-annual election, last half the fourth year of the blue ribbon club occurred Sunday evening, the 9th, at the usual place, the Town Hall. The old officers were reelected and the usual exercises occurred

WANTED.

To hire 1000 dollars on first mortgage of city property. Apply to this office. jun oct1tf

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AGENTS $15 to $40 PER MAKE WEEK.

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JUVENILE News for Boys and Girls! 8 Pages and ONLY 1 A NEW JUVENILE just published for them, for Home use! Free and Small Sewing, Turning, Reeling, Quilting, Knitting, Stove Cooking. Price $7 to $60.

PLYMOUTH.

E. B. Hodge has been ill.

N. P. Rogers was lately here.

R. E. Smythe has been to Boston.

Mrs. Dr. Jackson, of Lowell, is here.

C. A. Jewell and family have been to Boston.

W. F. Langdon has raised about 150 bushels of onions.

Miss Dora Holmes is visiting in Littleton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Chase are taking a western trip.

Henry Currier and family have been visiting in Warren.

C. L. Nutting's health is improving slowly.

Miss May Davis has gone to Pennsylvania for the winter.

Brewster Coburn has gone to Gloversville, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilmore Hosmon have returned.

A. S. Hazelton is now attending the Harvard Law school.

Fred Batchelder has been to Lowell, Boston and other places.

R. E. Hall has opened a barber shop.

Dr. Melvin, of Lawrence was lately here.

The summer trains have been discontinued.

The Valley line stages have stopped running.

Warren Glidden and bride have been sojourning here.

Mrs. Kelly and daughter have returned to Lawrence.

Mr. and Mrs. Kingsley Batchelder, of Concord, have been stopping here.

Mrs. Joseph Barrows has returned from Chicago.

The following attend the Holderness school from this vicinity: James Tomkinson, Harry and Walter Mason, Bert Rogers, Fred Knowles, Myrtle Barrows, Nahum Tufts, George K. Thornton, Highly Philbrick, John Horner, James Langdon.

General Manager Dodge is to enjoy a six months leave of absence by advice of physicians from his hitherto exhausting labors, on account of his health which has been considerably affected for some time past. He has lately returned from Nantucket and will soon go to California, his European trip having been given up.

Attention is called to the new advertisement of J. W. Morrison & Son in to-day's paper. By reading it one will see that they have grandly prepared for the fall and winter trade at Campton Village. The firm is so well known that what they say may be believed. Their brand of Pure Gold Flour is undoubtedly as good as can be found in the country. Try it and see.

Van N. Bass' finely furnished residence was visited by many of our people Monday night to see the blossoming of a night blooming cereus that displayed four large blossoms and a beautiful partially opened bud that subsequently unfolded. The opening did not begin till about nine o'clock so the crowd of visitors was not quite as large as it would otherwise have been although word was sent to many near at hand. Mrs. Bass was unfortunately out of town, so she missed seeing the first blossoming of a plant that had been in her possession for over two years.

The annual excursion from here and towns above Tuesday was well patronized, over 100 tickets being sold here alone. Two cars started from here and several were subsequently added as the demand increased. The weather was quite agreeable but not as much so as on several previous occasions. The departure occurred at 8:30 a. m., and the return at about 8 p. m. Some young ladies temporarily residing here made a sensation on the platform at Upper Bartlett, the terminus of the ride, by singing and generally serving hats were blown away and other incidents occurred as usual on such occasions.

Will J. Dearborn, formerly well known here, as employee in the Laconia Thread office, and a young man of industrious habits, now fit in the course of human events to take unto himself a wife, Tuesday of last week, in the person of Miss Annie A. Wilcox, of Laconia, a young lady of very estimable character. On the Thursday following, the affair was made the occasion for presenting Mr. and Mrs. Dearborn with a souvenir, the presentation speech being made by Mr. Thompson of the editorial staff, in his inimitable way. The young couple are exemplary in their habits, and we can but say, "It is well."

The Town Hall was densely crowded on Friday evening of last week to witness the popular operetta, "Genevieve," given under the able direction of Mrs. Kate Mc. Question White. The stage was tastefully set with scenery and hangings. The participants all appeared to good advantage, displaying more life and animation than is usually the case. The costumes of the numerous young ladies appearing were mostly white, relieved by blue and other bright colored sashes. Miss Gertrude McQuesten as Genevieve, Miss Laura Clement as Isadore, Miss Rena Merrill as Grace, and Misses Hattie Chase and Blanche Maynard as maids and also as the witches, rendered their characters finely. The choruses were excellent as was the cornet solo by Prof. C. H. Colby, of Meredith, who with H. McQuesten, violin, and Mrs. White, pianist, furnished the orchestral music which was pleasing to all. The "Baby Song", solo by Miss Annie Carter, was capital and greatly delighted the audience, as did the entire performance throughout.

"The Treasury of Song," for the home circle; the richest, best loved gems; sacred and secular. Carefully selected from the best works of the world's masters. English, Scotch, Irish, Welsh, Swiss, French, Spanish, German, Italian, African and Russian authors; and containing many of the choicest and grandest harmonies of Handel, Haydon, Mendelssohn, Mozart, Beethoven, Abt, Sullivan, Gounod, Bliss, Pinsuti, Sweeney, O'Kane, Gilchrist, Marshall, Lowry, Root, and like celebrities. Comprising their favorite songs, hymns, glees, madrigals, ballads, sentences, responses, anthems, chants, and selections from opera and oratorio in delightful variety, chosen expressly for their sentiment and fitness; to promote the happiness of every home; to which are appended brief biographies of eminent composers, performers and singers. Very elegantly illustrated. Professor D. H. Morrison, musical editor. Hubbard Bros., Publishers, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Kansas City; A. L. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco. Mr. C. G. Harriman, of Ashland, is agent for the above work as well as a cheap and very interesting book, descriptive of personal adventures in the late Rebellion. He is now canvassing this vicinity. The above work is furnished in various elegant styles of binding at reasonable prices. There are hundreds of popular and standard songs, music included, with much reading matter descriptive of them and their authors, including portraits of many. Every one interested in music should not fail to invest, as the same pieces of music in sheet form would cost about

Miss Jennie Bass, of Haverhill, has been visiting here.

F. E. Bowman, of Montreal, has been here.

Mrs. Jennie White has returned to Lawrence.

Drawing room cars are now run on the noon mail train.

Dr. Merrill has a new line and gilt sign.

A. G. W. Maynard and family have removed to Waltham, Mass.

Goods of fine quality for sale cheap at Barrows' 5 and 10 cent bazaar.

The terrace in front of Col. Langdon's residence has been newly turfed.

Mr. Cross, of the Grafton County clothing house, has recovered.

George Maynard has removed here from Lake Village.

W. A. Cobb has bought P. H. Crawford's house in the rear of the Normal school.

Frank Chase will carry the mail between here and North Woodstock this winter.

Over a dozen horses of the Valley stage line have been sold to Boston parties.

FOR SALE.—An entirely new Singer machine, at a very low price. Call at this office. jesuff

An accident to a freight train near Lowell delayed the up noon trains several hours Wednesday.

S. A. Goodhue barely escaped falling under the cars at Woodsville during the late excursion.

Miss Helen Sargent died at the Lower Intervale Thursday after several years illness.

Rufus Swett is building a house at the corner of Pleasant and Langdon streets.

Some work has been done on the front cellar windows of Tufts' new block.

There is said to be a well preserved citron owned by Gilbert Armstrong that is over a year old.

Rogers, Marden & Co., have been doing a good furniture business of late with the Holderness school.

The Ladies' Trinity Society will meet with Mrs. Fred Ballou, Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 17.

Large quantities of cider apples are being drawn into the village, weighed on Fox's scales and sent off on the cars.

Ira Munsey drove the last Valley line coach between here and the Profile House this year and probably the last that any one will ever drive.

Milton Merrill, an old resident of this town and a prominent Free Mason, died at his residence near the Town Hall Thursday night.

A barrel of flour lately fell from a store team near the hay scales and the head coming out, some of it was spilled.

J. C. Berry, who has recently been to Lancaster and other places, secured about $1,000 worth of work while absent.

H. E. Dole has lately hired a bicycle and now divides the honors with F. E. Blodgett, the pioneer here in that respect.

E. G. Chamberlin, the obliging ticket seller here, and a friend from Manchester have gone to Montreal and other places on a pleasure trip.

The ladies of the Penniman Post Relief Corps will meet in the Grand Army hall next Monday evening at 7 o'clock. The Post are invited.

CAMPTON.

Died, Oct. 5th, Daniel Williams. He will be remembered as the popular cook at the Pemigewasset House several years and later at the Town Mountain, and The Tip House, and for the last few seasons at the Flume House. He had not been well for eight months but continued to work until a few weeks before his death. He was born in Baltimore, Feb. 23, 1822, was the youngest of eight children, had been married about 40 years, had one child,—a daughter, who died two years since. Mr. W. had seen considerable of the world, having resided in several places in this country, also in Canada and New England, and had visited France, China and Australia. He was a kind and obliging set hiser, for more than forty years a follower of Christ of whom he has ever been free to speak, and whose qualities, persevering goodness he always cheerfully acknowledged. He met death calmly and peacefully, with cheerful submission to God's will and joyful anticipation of a bright future. He leaves a wife and one grandson. He will be greatly missed.

J. W. Morrison & Son will have Providence River oysters Friday and Saturday of each week at prices at which people can afford to use them.

Alonzo Keniston, has recently sold his farm to Nathan H. Weeks, and Charles H. Bowles, of Plymouth. Price: $8,000. Mr. Keniston, has purchased a cheaper and smaller one of Deacon Geo. M. Stevens at Rumney Village for $3,000.

Our town's people patronized the G. C. Fair quite liberally recently and about the usual proportion of premiums was awarded exhibitors from this town.

The balloon was seen by many of our citizens who did not attend the fair. It was a pretty sight to see it shoot up and sail away through aerial spaces, but the fun being carried by the northwest wind from us, we did not get as good a view of it as of those which Mr. King ascended in some ten or twelve years ago.

Lucius A. and Frank Derby of Lowell, Mass. who have been visiting their mother, and other friends in this town and Plymouth, have returned. Lucius has had a telephone instrument placed in his mother's house; the number is 14, on the Campton line. W.

"OUR LOST EXPLORERS."

W. H. Thompson & Co., Boston, Mass. announce through their advertisement in another column the publication of an attractive book under the above title; being an account of the late Jeannette Arctic Expedition.

Mr. Raymond L. Newcomb, one of the returned surviving officers of the Expedition having had the revision of the work, it may be considered as a correct and valuable record of the most important Arctic Expedition that ever sailed from the U. S. No more exciting tale of the sea has ever been written than the account of this Arctic Expedition with sad ending. Mr. Newcomb's Narrative of his travels and sojourn among the Natives, Exiles, and Russians of the Lena valley, and of his winter journey of 9000 miles to St. Petersburg, is both unique and fascinating, and here draws us to novel scenes and interesting people of whom little is known. jesalt

SANDWICH.

Cyrus E. Aogles and brother in-law Sanborn visited a Flat Mountain pond, and were well paid for the same, besides having lots of fun, killed five ducks, and one otter that measured six feet.

John F. Horn is repairing his house, so is his brother Otis B.

George Mack is having a new piazza, and painting his house throughout.

Cranberries are plenty. Ask Carter if they are not. Samuel Chase has harvested 200 bushels of potatoes. A. B. C.

LOON POND.

Miss E. Carter who has been visiting at her uncle. Kimball Corliss has now returned to her home at East Haverhill.

James Corliss has killed 20 gray squirrels recently.

Mrs. Miller is running the big boarding house.

One thing happeneth to all-alike. This cold.

While a gentleman and lady were returning to this place from the village, recently, a small child who was playing in the street ran under the wheels of the carriage though the driver did all in his power to pervent an accident the child was knocked down, and one wheel passed over a portion of his body, we understand the little fellow was not seriously injured but it should serve as a warning to those who let young children take the public streets for their play ground.

The time never has been and never will be when the people of this or the other country can buy a gold dollar for seventy-five cents. Neither can you, dear reader, purchase an organ worth three or four hundred dollars for $60. This is all nonsense. Still we have no objection to other people doing their business just as they see fit. We are selling a good, honest made Piano at from $185 to $275 and a good, honest Organ (not all stops) for from $ 48 to $475. All our goods are made upon honor, and we send to any part of the world on test trial, and if no pleasure to keepe, as the Yankees would say. For the past ten years we have sent both Pianos and Organs to every part of the world, and our instruments give the most universal satisfaction. If you wish a good instrument, one that will always last you, we shall be pleased to send you our catalogue and price, and if you purchase one of the Thomas Brothers' Silver Tone Instruments you will get what you require and one instrument sold in a neighborhood always sells us more. Address, for prices.

JAS. THOMAS, Successor to Thomas Brothers, Catskill, N. Y., U. S. A.

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PERUVIAN SYRUP AN IRON TONIC

Cures Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, General Debility, Fever and Ague, Paralysis, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Dropsy, Humors, Female Complaints, Liver Complaint, Remittent Fever, and all diseases originating in a bad State of the Blood, or accompanied by Debility or a low State of the System.

J. F. DURHAM,

Auction & Commission Merchant.

Second-hand Furniture a specialty, for which I pay cash, or take in exchange for goods or work. The Celebrated

Harwood Chair Seating.

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Parker's Hair Balsam

Restores the most fastidious as a perfect Hair Restorer and Dressing. It contains no oil or dye, and is warranted never to soil the finest linen. It will restore Gray or Faded Hair to its youthful color. 50 cts. and $1 sizes at all druggists.

Get the Best

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many of the best remedies known are here combined in one of the most concentrated forms, as we make the Ginseng Blood Purifier for the

Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.

It cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, and all Female Complaints.

If you are wasting away with Consumption or any disease, use the Tonic to-day. It will surely help you. Remember it is far superior to Bitters, Essences of Ginger and other Tonics, as it builds up the system without intoxicating, and for all ailes, as all doctors in drugs. None genuine without signature of Hiram & Co., N. Y. Send for circular. LARGE SAVING IN BUYING THE DOLLAR SIZE.

FOUND AT LAST!

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

Mad Stones.

A sure cure for all kinds of Poisonous Bites such as MAD DOGS, SNAKES, SPIDERS and Wild Varmints. Good for Head Ache, Cuts, Wounds, &c. Everybody should have one.

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Small Size.....$1.00.
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Prices in Reach of All.

Send money by Registered Letter. If it proves to be not as represented will refund the money.

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MEMBERSHIP FREE TO JAN. 1.

15 CENTS.

Atlantic, Harper's, Scribner's, Peterson's, Arthur's, Wide Awake, St. Nicholas, Youth's Companion, &c., &c. Also,

A Large Stock of Magazines, &c., to be

LOANED OR SOLD AT CHEAP RATES.

HEADQUARTERS,

MRS. S. J. BROWN'S SHOP,

ASHLAND, N. H.

June 29, 1882.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription he used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y. 1-23jesatly

FLOWERS AND PLANTS.

Prepare your Easter Orders in season to secure the best Orange Blossoms, Roses, Pinks, Violets, Callas, Heliotropes, Primroses, Spirea Deitzi, and every other Hothouse Production.

Also in their season a fine assortment of Bedding-out Plants and a large stock of Tomatoes and Cabbages.

Orders for Wedding or Funeral decorations attended to in the best manner and shortest notice by mail, telegraph or telephone.

(yesat-1) GEORGE MAIN,

8 Merrimack St., Concord, N. H.

GOLD Great chances to make money. Those who improve their leisure hours, or all the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me. eisa oct27 1y.

A Larger Stock

AND

Greater Variety

OF

Useful & Ornamental Articles

Than ever Before at

99 CENT STORE,

Concord, - - N. H.

last.VSD-tf

NOTICE.

All information in regard to bicycles must be addressed to the agent at Plymouth, N. H., who will give all information possible either by mail or by calling at General Freight Office, Plymouth, N. H.

N. W. FARLEY,

Agent for Grafton County and City of Concord. jesalm

A Sure Defence.

How to Repel the Assaults of Ill Health.

Are you ever vexed or troubled with indigestion, torpid or disordered liver, want of appetite, constipation, or a feverish state of the skin? If so, take without an hour's unnecessary delay Dr. Swayne's "Favorite Remedy." No medicine is so harmless yet so quick and positive in its action. It is Nature's own cure, compounded and made tangible by vegetable chemistry. Sold by druggists in Boniface, N. Y.

RUMNEY.

Miss Etta Osgood from Boston Highlands is visiting in town.

Rev. E. S. Hall still remains quite feeble.

Rev. Mr. Prescott preached at the first Baptist church last Sabbath.

G. A. Clifford intends to return to Boston this week.

All agree that handsome hair is one of beauty's indispensable elements. Ayer's Hair Vigor maintains it in freshness, brightness and luxuriance. jesalt

The forests present a fine variety of color since the rudest frosts.

INTERESTING HISTORY.

The very beautiful and wonderfully cheap edition of "Green's Large History of the English People," which is published by the Useful Knowledge Publishing Co., New York is most deserving of finding a place in thousands of home libraries. No history is better worthy of a place in even the smallest library, and, though formerly published by the Harpers at $10, it is now easily within the reach of anyone, the prices varying to the several forms, from $1.00 in one volume, octavo, cloth binding, to $2.50 in 5 vols. Exavir edition, half Russia binding. It also forms a part of the Cyclopedia of History which is publishing by the same house. For sale by C. H. Kimball, Plymouth. N. H. jesalt

Notwithstanding the severety of the drouth better crop of corn has been raised for some years than many of our farmers harvested this fall. N.

The mountain excursion diminished the attendan for the benefit of the N. H. S. P. C. A. The proceeds were $3.50.

The bridge in the village over Stinson's brook is very shaky; is it safe?

Why Welcome.

What makes Floreston Cologne welcome on every lady's toilet table in its lasting fragrance and rich, flowery odor." oct2sal.

This is just the time to set shade trees. Is the road sunny on your estate?

HEROES OF THE PLAINS.

In American history there are no more interesting figures than the Heroes of the border. Bold, dashing, adventurous and patriotic; loyal to friends, to country and to the interests of society, their work was singular, effective in the advancement of western civilization. With seeming recklessness, their efforts were in the interest of law and order, and the people owe them a debt of gratitude they do not forget. Their page in history is as fascinating as it is honorable, and there is a peculiar pleasure in reading the narrative of their wonderful exploits. Among those whose careers were singularly adventurous, are Kit Carson, Wild Bill, Buffalo Bill, Capt. Payne, Texas Jack, California Joe, Capt. Jack and others, whose achievements have made them justly and widely famous. They have a warm place in the hearts of the people, and a prominent one in their admiration. It is appropriate that their achievements should be recorded, and we note with pleasure the forthcoming of a new book from the press of N. D. Thompson & Co., New York and St. Louis, called "The Heroes of the Plains," covering the ground of border history. It is profusely illustrated with 100 engravings and 16 colored lithograph plates It is sold by subscription through canvassing agents, and presents an opportunity to agents to make money especially inviting. We advertise it in another column. jesalt

HOLDERNESS.

Mr. Mason of Bristol who has been stopping at W. B. Whitten's, returned home the 3, instant.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry cure coughs, colds, bronchitis, whooping cough, croup, influenza, consumptions and all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. 50c and $1 a bottle. je-1y-marl

For Sale.—Two of the best stage lines in New Hampshire, with mails and stock to run them. Apply to W. R Clough. Eagle Hotel, Keene, N. H. jesalm

Mrs. Georgie N. Deaton and little son of Marcn Ill. are stopping and visiting her old neighbors.

E. H. Keniston, Auctioneer. P. O. Address, West Campton, N. H. Terms Reasonable. june10-jesa-20t*

The Safest Way.

The safest and surest to restore the youthful color of the hair is furnished by Parker's Hair Balsam, which is deservedly popular from its superior cleanliness. oct jsltm

J. H. Morse will soon return home.

How She Saved Her Darling.

"I shall not feel so nervous again about baby's teething," writes a grateful mother. "We almost lost our darling from cholera infantum, but happily heard of Parker's Ginger Tonic in time. A few spoonfuls soon cured baby, and an occasional dose keeps us is good health."—Brooklyn Mother. ocjsjlm

Perhaps no medicine is so universally required as a good cathartic. Swayne's Pills are prepared expressly to meet this necessity being composed of purely vegetable ingredients of which podophyllin or mandrake, sarsaparilla, yellow dock and other concentrated juices are largely into their composition; the whole strength of which is extracted on an entirely new principle. They are mild in their operation and are truly a valuable aperient and anti-bilious medicine. They stimulate the liver to healthy action, cleanse the stomach and bowels of all impurities. Curing sick and nervous headache, dyspepsia or indigestion, biliousness, fevers, drowsiness, colds, aching pains, aches, slight chills, with flushes of heat and female irregularities. For a bilious and costive habit, no medicine is so prompt and effectual. Mailed on receipt of price (in postage stamps) 25 cents, or five boxes for $1. Address Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for them. jesa.1y jan25

The grape crop is small and very late in ripening this year. Pears are very scarce and high.

Hops and Malt Bitters is the best tonic for the restoration to health and strength of those weakened and enervated by over work, sickness, general debility or other causes. It contains no mineral substance to remain in the system and do permanent harm. oct1j2t

WEST RUMNEY.

The Universalist Woman's Aid Society will have a Harvest Festival on Tuesday evening, Oct. 17, at the residence of the late Mrs. H. B. Simpson.

Good Advice.

You will prevent and cure the greater part of the ills that afflict mankind in this or any section. If you keep you stomach, liver and kidney in perfect working order. There is no medicine known that does this as surely as Parker's Ginger Tonic. It will keep your blood rich and pure, and give you good health at little cost. See other column. oct1jsltm

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

WILL CERTAINLY CURE

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and every Affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including Consumption. Sold by all Druggists.

FOR BARGAINS IN

DRY GOODS

—VISIT—

C. M. Boynton's,

CONCORD, N. H.

NEW FALL GOODS

RECEIVED DAILY

"Sample and Goods sent by mail. We have everything just the same as if we asked you to read long advertisements; and prices always the lowest."

GRAND

MARK DOWN

SALE

—OF—

Gents' Fine Ready-Made Clothing

—AT—

A. B. SANBORNS,

36 MAIN ST., Opposite Warren St., CONCORD.

Desirous of reducing our stock, we shall offer our customers, on Monday, June 19, 1882:

A Full Line of Gents' All-Wool Suits at $8.00.
former price, $11.00

A Full Line of All-Wool Suits at $10.00.
former price, $12.50.

A Full Line of All-Wool Suits at $12.50,
former price, $15.00.

A few more of those All-Wool Indigo Blue Suits left, $8.00.

A full line of **Boys' Suits**, at $1.00, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50; former prices from $5.00 to 7.00.

The largest stock of Gents' and Youths' **Fine Fur, Straw and Manilla Hats** to be found in the State, at reduced prices.

Gentlemen's Fine Furnishings of every description at reduced prices.

Mexican Hammocks, the best known in the world, white or colored, full size and full weight, at $1 50.

Many other goods, which we have no space to mention, at equally low prices. Do not fail to examine this stock before making your selections.

A. B. SANBORN,

39 MAIN STREET, (jenovl-y) CONCORD, N. H.

STOVES AAD RANGES.

"MAGEE STANDARD" RANGES.

WESTMINSTER PARLOR,

Nickle plated, base burner and oven attached.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF LAMPS AND KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS in New Hampshire.

R. C. DANFORTH & CO.,

North Main Street, CONCORD. N. H. enov113tf

T. W. & J. H. STEWART,

Merchant Tailors.

—A Splendid Assortment of New Goods for—

SPRING AND SUMMER.

Don't fail to visit us and see what we can do both with Quality, Style and Prices.

Samples sent on application.

Rumford Block, Opposite City Clock [Jory1201] CONCORD, N. H.

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

A large assortment of Millinery and Fancy Goods in the latest and most desirable styles at lowest prices.

Plush, Felt and Beaver Hats, Feathers, Breasts and Pompons, Plushes, Velvets and Satin, and latest novelties. Ladies' ready made underwear a specialty, cheap for Cash. Lace goods for the neck, Fichus, Ties, Collars and Collarettes, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Ladies Waterproof Circulars. Ladies' Corsets, a fine lot all prices. Fancy Work, and material for working ladies and splashers, all stamped for outlining. Slipper Patterns, Worsted, Coast or Germantown. Knitting Silk, Filling Silk, and Embroidery. Jewelry and Silver Ware. Hair Goods, Switches, Crimps, Frizzes, and real Water Waves. Old Crape restored and made better than new, being water proof to dampness. Ladies in want of anything in the line of Millinery and Fancy Goods, or Fancy Work are especially invited to call at

MRS. S. J. BROWN'S,

Central Block, - ASHLAND, N. H.

a 3m oct13

ANOTHER CART LOAD

Of those 3 ounce Coin Silver Case Watches, cut balance, 11 jewels; warranted and partially adjusted to heat and cold,—will be sold for the next few days at the low price of

TEN DOLLARS EACH.

Established 1833. R. GOVE, Laconia, N. H.

jun13 tf

IMPORTANT

—TO THE—

READERS

Of This Paper!

REMARKABLE

BARGAINS

—AND—

LOW PRICES

—AT THE —

Old Reliable One Price Dry Goods House

—OF —

Sterns, Wimpfheimer & Co.

—OF—

Concord, N. H.

It is our custom at this season of the year to make a clearing out sale in order to make room for our Fall and Winter Importations. To enable us to do this, we have made a great reduction of prices throughout our entire stock which now contains many special bargains such as we have never before offered.

Our great success and increase of business since we adopted the ONE PRICE System is very gratifying and assures us that the public fully appreciate the Low Prices that always rule at our establishment.

We are determined to sustain the reputation of selling Dry Goods lower than at any other store in the State, and to make our name a household word in every family. We only ask you to examine our large stock and secure some of the many bargains that this sale affords.

Unbleached Cottons for 4 cents per yard; a lot of Best Cocheco Prints for 6 1-4 cents per yard; Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, formerly sold at 37 1-2, now 15 cents.

We have made arrangements to have a good supply of those Bleached Cottons in 2 lb. Bundles that are so very cheap and so much sought after. Only 50 cents for the bundle.

All our Dress Goods at wonderfully Low Prices. Choice Scotch Styles in Ginghams only 10 cents per yard. All Wool Cashmeres only 23 cents per yard.

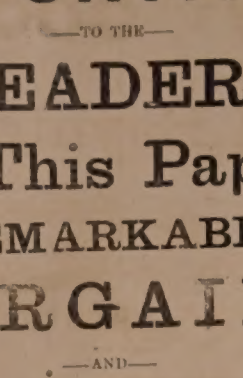
These are only a few of the many good bargains that we can show you. We shall be glad to wait upon you and assure you that our prices defy competition.

The Old Reliable One Price Dry Goods House, formerly F. B. Underhill & Co., now

STERNS, WIMPFHEIMER & CO.

"NEW IMPERIAL!"

STYLE NO. 43. HEIGHT 78 INCHES. 13 STOPS. ELEGANT CASES.



ONLY $87.50!

—REMEMBER—

this is no humbug Organ, filled with worthless so-called solo stops, containing only an octave of reeds, and called "sets" to deceive customers.

The "New Imperial" is Warranted to Contain 14 Octaves of Reeds,

5 OCTAVE SETS OF REEDS.

ONE 3 OCTAVE SET OF REEDS.

Sub Bass and Coupler.

This is One of the Best Organs Made for the Price.

You are not asked to pay nor deposit your money until you receive the Organ.

Send your orders at once to

Eben Hoyt, Laconia, N. H.

THE MYSTERY OF

LOVE MAKING SOLVED

Or an Easy Road to Marriage.

A STRANGE & WONDERFUL BOOK

Old Gypsy Madge's Fortune-Teller

And the Witches Key to Lucky Dreams.

Address, Sunshine Publishing House, Geneva, Ohio.

Grand Opening Saturday, September 16th, 1882, by Smith, Lougee & Co.

The largest Line of Fall Goods Ever Opened in our Store.

Very large line of All Wool Dress Goods, in the most Desirable shades of Bronze, Olives, Terra Cotte, Browns, Cadet Blue, Wine, etc., etc.

Great Variety of Shades and Mixtures in All Wool Dress Flannels! at 25, 50, 62 cts., $1.00 and $1.15 per yard, representing the the Largest Line ever opened in Laconia.

Great Line of Shades in Silk Velvets. Housekeeping Goods. New Towels, New Bed-Spreads, New Table Linens, New Napkins, &c.

Just Opened. Carpets, in new styles. Richest line of Tapestry and All-Wool Carpets ever placed in our store. Our prices can't fail to interest any one.

People Visiting Laconia will find in our store the best Line of Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps ever shown by any Store in the State, and our prices give satisfaction.

We have just placed in stock the largest line of New Designs in Fall and Winter Clothing ever seen in this Section of the Country. Suits and Overcoats for Men, Youths and Boys in the very best Styles.

SMITH, LOUGEE & CO.

LACONIA, N. H.

FINE

UPHOLSTERY

AND

PARLOR FURNISHINGS,

We are in receipt of a large stock of elegant goods for furniture coverings, drapery curtains, rich trimmings, and handsome plushes direct from recent New York importations, for the fall season. This line of goods is extensive, yet selected with great care, and we trust will meet the wants of our patrons. We have the most skillful workmen in our Upholstery and Drapery Department, who are prepared to advise customers respecting the selection of goods, patterns, or style of trimmings to make estimates of cost of large or small jobs, and to execute any orders for Fine parlor Furniture or Drapery Work, in the most artistic and faithful manner, equal in style and workmanship to Boston or New York, and more reasonable in price.

Our Custom Mattress and Bedding Work is under the personal direction of the most skillful mattress maker in the state, so that perfect satisfaction is positively guaranteed to every customer entrusting us with orders for new Curled Hair Mattresses, or to renovate and make over old ones.

Faithfully and respectfully yours,

HIGGINS & PATTEN,

Opposite State House, Main St., - - - CONCORD, N. H.

WOODSTOCK.

Frank Sellingham is suffering very badly with his knee which he cut a while ago.

It is quite sickly in this vicinity and a number of new cases of typhoid fever are reported.

Caldon and Durgin with their new machine threshed in a little more than six hours 152 bushels of oats for Daniel Dearborn, and earlier in the day they threshed for T. V. Smith 67 bushels of oats. We would like to see the machine that can beat this one.

Gertie Tourtillotte is gaining in her health.

I. H. Wyatt has caught three bears and he has one of them alive which he thinks to tame. E.

The forests have clothed themselves in crimson and gold.

Splendid view of northern lights on several evenings last week.

K. J. Gentliss is employed at the Flume House.

A. W. Sawyer is building a large addition to his house.

J. S. Gordon has moved into the Dwyer house opposite the postoffice.

Mr. Chas. Jackman and daughter, of Whitefield, have been in town on a brief vacation.

Mrs. Lavinia McDearmid, who has been in town visiting friends and relatives, has returned to her home in Franklin.

It is with deep regret that we chronicle the death of Archie Brown who died from the effects of a shock on Oct. 5th, at the advanced age of 75 years. Mr. Brown was an old resident of this town and was so highly loved and respected by all that his name was a synonym for honesty, integrity and uprightness. The funeral was held at the Freewill Baptist church last Sunday, Rev. M. P. Favor officiating as pastor. The remains were interred in the South Woodstock cemetery.

ALPHEUS.

NOTICE.—All persons owing Hodgdon & Pollard, can find their notes and accounts with me, and as I am going west in a very short time, one and all are invited to call and settle.

HIRAM HODGDON.

ELISHA HODGE

Manufacturer of

BOOTS & SHOES.

All kinds of Repairing done promptly and in a workmanlike manner. ma26s

---

Hughes & Huckins,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Flour, Meal, Hair, Lime, Cement, Paints, Oils, Agricultural Implements, etc. Also, dealers in Hooker's stockbridge's Standard, and Cook's Bitters.

Ashland, N. H. ma26s

WANTED all the watches in Ashland and vicinity to be brought to

L. B. BULL'S, ASHLAND, N. H.

THE NEW WATCH MAKER.

Ten years Experience in the Waltham Manufactory. All work warranted. aug3laf

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Squam Lake House,

J. M. COTTON, PROPRIETOR.

Good Livery connected with the House. Free Carriages to and from every train.

ASHLAND, N. H. ma26s

DR. A. R. GAREY,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

☞Residence opposite Geo. Hoyt's.

ma26a ASHLAND, N. H.

WILLARD E. MORSE,

JEWELER.

Watch and Clock Cleaning a Specialty.

Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches. Plated Ware, Etc. Watches Cleaned for from 75 cts. to $1. Clocks from 50 to 75 cents. All Work Warranted.

At Pease & Batchelder's Store. Main Street.

sept13so] ASHLAND, N. H.

POLLARD, HARDY & SMYTHE,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Carpets,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, Groceries of Every Description, Crockery, Glass and Hard Ware, Paper Hangings of all kinds, Farming Implements, Furniture, Hair, Lime and Cement, Super Phosphate, &c., &c.

ASHLAND, N. H. ma26a

ASHLAND, N. H.

Woodman's Block, Main St.

DRESS MAKER.

FASHIONABLE

Mrs. N. E. K. ROWE,

JOHN ERNEST

Manufacturer and Jobber of

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS

Custm-made Clothing

CARPETINGS,

Walnut and Gilt Picture Frames, Mouldings, Brackets, Looking-Glass Plates, Mirrors, Main Glass, Chromos, Picture-Knobs, Mattresses, Spring Beds and Lounges, etc., etc. Also, Agent for RUDKE'S PATENT

Wringer and Folding Wash-Bench.

Main St., Ashland, N. H. ma26a

REBECCA DEANE'S

WEEKLY PRICE LIST.

1.	Granulated sugar,	11
2.	Brown sugar,	8
3.	Butter,	30
4.	Cheese,	16
5.	Eggs,	20
6.	Meal,	65
7.	Shorts, per 100 lbs.,	1 40
8.	Flour, best St. Louis,	7 00
9.	Beans, bush.,	3 35
10.	Cod fish, per lb.,	
11.	Potatoes, bush.,	60
12.	Dried apple, per lb.,	05
13.	Lard,	15
14.	Pork,	14
15.	Maple sugar,	10
16.	Vinegar,	18
17.	Tea,	45 to 65
18.	Coffee, best Java,	30
19.	Soda,	06
20.	St. Johnsbury crackers	12
21.	Kerosene oil, gal.,	15
22.	Chicken, per lb.,	17
23.	Turkey,	15
24.	Old hen,	12 1-2
25.	Honey,	25

BURLEIGH & ADAMS,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

PLYMOUTH, N. H.

J. A. SAMBORN, M. D. ROBERT BURNS, M. D.

DRS. SAMBORN & BURNS,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Office in Tufts' New Block.

Office Hours, 12.30 to 2 P. M., and 7 to 8 evening

BORN.

In Plymouth, Oct. 3, to Mr. and Mrs. James Robie, a son.

THE

Bryant & Stratton

Manchester, N. H.

Pupils from all parts of the State and section. The leading Commercial School of this part of New England offers the very best facilities to both

YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN

for securing such a business education as will fit them for desirable employment as clerk, book keepers, penmen, copyists, &c., &c.

Tuition rates and other expenses are very low. Write for college circulars giving full particulars.

Adress

W. HERON, JR.,

Resident Principal,

Manchester, N. H.

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New Store.

The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices at

S. BLOOD'S.

SPRING STYLES IN

Carpetings,

Oil Cloths, and Straw Mattings, Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fixtures, China and Glass Ware, Majolica and Gold Band Sets, Student Lamps and Chandeliers, Table Cutlery and Plated Ware, Picture Frames, Mirrors, Mouldings, Glass, Scroll Saws, Designs, Impression Paper, &c., Fancy Wood Moldings and Frames, Perforated and Gilt Paper, Embossed Pictures, Shell and Tissue Paper, Splints, Dolls, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

☞Thankful to our numerous customers for their very liberal patronage in the past, we hope by strict attention to the interests of our patrons, to receive a continuance of their esteemed favors. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

S. BLOOD, New Opera House Block,

jesa mar15 1y Concord, N. H.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

DR. BRIGHAM begs to call attention to his method of inserting artificial teeth

Without Covering the Roof of the Mouth.

These plates contain no mercurial or other poisons, and do not interfere with either taste or speech.

Prices reduced twenty-five per cent on artificial work.

Special attention paid to filling badly decayed teeth.

D. T. BRIGHAM,

DENTIST,

No. 2 Hamilton Place. BOSTON.

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POTTER & SMALL,

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

Loans on Real Estate effected.

Mortgages negotiated.

Estates managed. Collections made.

Exchanges in all parts of New England.

Farms, $650 to $9,000.

Houses, $1,100 to $20,000.

BRANCH OFFICE,

Smyth's Block, Manchester, N. H.

☞REAL ESTATE GAZETTE FREE. feb25jesa

THE AMOSKEAG

Mutual Benefit & Charitable Association

WANTS A MAN

Of Good Business Ability to represent it in each town in Grafton and Belknap Counties.

For further particulars address the Secretary,

H. L. ROBINSON

2 HANOVER ST., MANCHESTER, N. H.

jesa27 eaug

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the receipt for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove Tan, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 2c. stamp, Ben. Vandell & Co. 12 Barclay St.

jesa3jesly

Errors of Youth.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from NERVOUS DEBILITY, PREMATURE DECAY and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence. JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York. jan23jesly

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LET THE EAGLE SCREAM!

Our motto is Large Sales and Small Profits. Shoemakers in want of Sole Leather, French or American Calf Skins, Sheep Skins, Topping Skins, or Shoemakers General Supplies, please call and examine or give us your orders, which will be filled at once. New Goods set in Congress Boots at short notice.

A. F. BLODGETT & SON,

9 Warren Street, CONCORD, N. H.

jesa1ymay23

Rare Coins Wanted.

I want to buy 5000 Pennies paid. 12 page Circular of my buying prices, 10 cents. For Cash. Farmers, How to Preserve Eggs. Simple and effective cost one cent. Keep your eggs when they bring 40 to 50 cents, and sell when they are 20 or 30 cents. Eggs have been kept two years. Recipe 25c.

JOHN M. RICHARD,

may24-jesa26m Lake Village, N. H.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit and terms free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time you work write for particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. jesa oct31y

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2 CARD COLLECTORS. 25 boys send stamp and receive 50 best selling packages of Beautiful Fancy Cards, including prize, gift picture & chromo cards. Address SUNSHINE PUB. HOUSE, GENEVA, OHIO.

MUSIC COMPOSERS, Teachers, Amateurs, having Compositions ready for publication should send to STANDARD MUSIC PUBLISHING HOUSE, GENEVA, O. Best terms ever given. Chance to get rich. New idea.

RUPTURE CURED In 30 Days

By the use of the EXCELSIOR RUPTURE PLASTER & HEALING COMPOUND. Send for testimonials to F. H. MERRICK, Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Is a compound of the virtues of sarsaparilla, stillingia, mandrake, yellow dock, with the iodide of potash and iron, all powerful blood-making, blood-cleansing, and life-sustaining elements. It is the purest, safest, and most effectual alterative medicine known or available to the public. The sciences of medicine and chemistry have never produced so valuable a remedy, nor one so potent to cure all diseases resulting from impure blood. It cures **Scrofula** and all **scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Pimples and Face-grubs, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald-head, Ring-worm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Mercurial Disease, Neuralgia, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, and General Debility.**

By its searching and cleansing qualities it purges out the foul corruptions which contaminate the blood and cause derangement and decay. It stimulates and enlivens the vital functions, promotes energy and strength, restores and preserves health, and infuses new life and vigor throughout the whole system. No sufferer from any disease which arises from impurity of the blood need despair who will give AYER'S SARSAPARILLA a fair trial.

It is folly to experiment with the numerous low-priced mixtures, of cheap materials, and without medicinal virtues, offered as blood-purifiers, while disease becomes more firmly seated. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is a medicine of such concentrated curative power, that it is by far the best, cheapest, and most reliable blood-purifier known. Physicians know its composition, and prescribe it. It has been widely used for forty years, and has won the unqualified confidence of millions whom it has benefited.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

BOSTON GEM

Kerosene Oil Stove.

Call at any stove store and ask to see the Boston Gem Improved Kerosene Stove. It is warranted to work equal to any stove in the market, and only costs but one-half the price. It is lighter to handle than any stove, and is warranted to wear as long; do not purchase your Kerosene Stove until you see this one.

Ask for the Boston Gem and take no other.

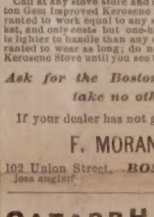
If your dealer has not got it, write to

F. MORANDI,

102 Union Street, *BOSTON, Mass.*

jesa aug16tf

CATARRH DIRECTIONS.



Insert with little finger a particle into the nostrils; draw strong breaths through the nose. It will be absorbed, cleansing and healing the diseased membrane.

CREAM BALM

causes healthy secretions, allays inflammation, protects the membrane from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores sense of taste and smell.

HAY-FEVER Great relief realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, &c.

Unequaled for colds in the head.

Sold by druggists or 50 cents. On receipt of price will mail a package. Send for circular containing full information and reliable testimonials.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured Mr. of Catarrh, of which I have been afflicted over ten years, after trying almost every remedy recommended, none having proved so effectual as this. E. J. ALDEN, Wholesale Dealer in Perfumery and Shoes, 103 Federal St., Boston, Mass.

ELYS' CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y.

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A NEW BUTTER-WORKER

TRY ONE

We are now ready to offer to Dairymen and to the trade, a HAND BUTTER-WORKER, operating on the principle of direct and powerful pressure instead of rolling, grinding or sliding upon the butter.

We claim that it is the only Butter-Worker which will certainly, quickly and easily, take out all the buttermilk, and which does not and cannot injure the grain of the butter. It works in salt as easily and as well.

THE GENUINE

BLANCHARD CHURN

GET THE BEST

These sizes made for Family Dairies. Four sizes for Factory use. All our goods are of our best stock and the best workmanship. They are strong, simple, efficient, convenient and durable. They continue to be the Standard Churns of the Country.

Inquire of the nearest dealer in such goods for a "Blanchard Butter-Working," or a genuine "Blanchard Churn," and if he has none on hand, send postal for Prices and Descriptive Circular to

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PORTER BLANCHARD'S SONS, Concord, N. H. ma30 jan.1

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THE AMERICAN POPULAR DICTIONARY,

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This useful and elegant volume is a Complete Library and Encyclopedia as well as the best Dictionary in the world. Superbly bound in cloth and gilt. No pocket edition, but a large volume. It contains every word in the English language, with the true meaning, derivation, spelling and pronunciation, and a vast amount of absolutely necessary information on Science, Mythology, Biography, American History, Laws, &c., being a perfect Library Reference. Webster's Dictionary costs $9.00, and the American Popular Dictionary, costs $1.

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"We have examined the American Popular Dictionary, and find it a good work. It is certainly a valuable book, and is very cheap at the price asked for it."—Chicago Interior.

"We have never seen its equal, either in price, finish or contents."—Christian Advocate.

"Worth ten times the money."—Tribune and Farmer.

"A perfect Dictionary and Library of Reference."—Leslie's Illustrated News.

"A model compendium of information, besides being a dictionary. We have frequent occasion to use it, and regard it well worth the price."—Christian Union.

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an eight page, thirty-two column monthly journal of choice, entertaining and instructive reading, equally as interesting to adults as to youth, and just what is needed in every family where there are growing children. Pure, moral and educating in its tone, it cannot fail to repay to you many times the worth of the small subscription price. The publishers have concluded to offer for a short time only, to every reader of this paper the above Dictionary and The Young Folk's Guest, One Year, on receipt of only One Dollar. Agents wanted over the world, to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Name this paper and address all orders to YOUNG FOLK'S GUEST, EXETER, N. H. jesa-tf

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Tickets to Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, Port Huron, Detroit, and to all principal points between Chicago and San Francisco. For tickets and information, apply to or address

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And traveling expenses is what every successful sales-man will receive who engages with us. Any man of pluck, energy and reliability can succeed. We offer special inducements beyond any other firm. Success brings PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT and GOOD WAGES. Particulars furnished on application. Address (with stamp) stating age,

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Foster's Illustrated Musical Journal contains the latest vocal and instrumental music every month besides Musical News, Literature, Romance, Instruction, etc. The amount of music therein during the year would amount to over Twenty Dollars in sheet form. The music is selected with the aim to supply, alike, the beginner and the practiced musician with the best music. The Journal is printed on heavy, calendered, tinted paper, with illustrations from eminent artists. Another essential is the "Answers to correspondents," while one of the prominent features is the prize department, whereby every subscriber receives cash prizes. Again the musical Library, a bound book containing about $15 worth of latest and choicest music, will be given as a premium. Of these there are several volumes, vocal and instrumental, easy and difficult. State which you wish or send for contents. Lastly, to prove the superiority of our music, one of our latest 50c pieces, with illustrated title page, will be included in above offer. This is truly the greatest offer ever made considering the excellency of the Journal and the value of premiums. Subscribe at once and learn particulars of prize department and, if desirous of getting up a club, send for our unequalled terms. If not satisfied after subscribing money will be refunded. Send 3 5-cent stamps to pay postage on premium, to the STANDARD MUSIC PUBLISHING HOUSE Geneva Ohio.

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Pine sets for $14.00, 16.50, 18.50, 20.00, 22.00, 24.00, 26.00, &c.
Ash " " 17.00, 20.00, 23.00, 25.00, 27.00, 30.00, 35.00, 37.00, 40.00, &c.
Walnut " " 45.00, 50.00, 55.00, 65.00, 70.00, &c.

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Truthfully and quite completely describes a long list of city and farm properties for sale in this section and in Kansas. Catalogues SENT FREE on receipt of stamp accompanied by 2 cts. of Kansas bargains, if desired. Rooms or suites and upwards placed on first-class Kansas school property, paying rent, send address and name to the letter. Address A. L. Walker & Son, Walker's Block, Merrimack St., cor. Pine, Manchester, N. H. [dec27 80f eaapr19 81y

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RUBBER BOOTS.

The only boots made that WILL NOT sweat or chill the feet. WILL KEEP the feet dry and warm. These boots have been in use for two seasons, and given entire satisfaction. Numbers testify that they can be worn with comfort. Best Pure Gum Boots, $5.00. Will be sent C.O.D. Ask your dealer for them, or send for circular.

HANNAFORD VENTILATED BOOT CO.

79 Milk Street, Boston.

HAIR DYE

Instantaneous

Harmless

Reliable

By all hair dressers. J. CRISTADORO, 16 Williams Street, New York.

NEWS OF THE DAY

GENERAL ITEMS.

—The United States Signal Service estimates that at least thirteen million dollars of property and many persons remained safely in port on account of warnings prior to the recent cyclone.

—Frank James, the highwayman, has surrendered to the authorities of Missouri. His band is broken up, and he is discouraged.

—The jury investigating the tunnel disaster which took place on the Harlem road in New York City, returned a strong verdict, holding Rawson, the contractor and others guilty of culpable negligence, implicating the railroad companies, and censuring them for a mistaken economy which makes travel dangerous.

—Commissioner Price has notified the Indians whose support is not provided for by treaty stipulations that they will be expected to labor for a livelihood.

—Governor John L. Barstow, of Vermont, was inaugurated on Thursday. His inaugural states that the debt of the State is $299,583. It considers the subject of railroad legislation at length, and says that the power of the State to regulate railroad corporations cannot be denied, though it should be used with caution.

—The reported discovery that the ancients in the newly discovered comet has separated into three unequal fragments is announced from Nashville, Tenn., and Cincinnati, Ohio. The longest fragment is from 15,000 to 20,000 miles long, and the distance between them from 2,000 to 5,000 miles.

—Joseph Stamana, a workman for the Brush Electric Light Company, was instantly killed by a shock of electricity while at work connecting the wires in New York City.

—During the progress of a street pageant at St. Louis, Mo., several persons were injured by the falling of a platform on which they were seated.

—It is reported that the Dominion government of the Dominion of Canada has decided upon the formation of two new provinces in the northwest.

—Fraudulent bids for star route contracts have been unearthed in which a notary and postmaster of Kansas are implicated.

—Four ounces of dynamite were part of a seizure in an alleged counterfeiting case, of the explosive was found about in the New York Post Office building with dies and electrotypes. Later it was more securely deposited in the North River.

—At Prospect, Tenn., a negro having been adjudged guilty of a brutal crime, was taken and hanged by a mob.

—Dun, Wiman & Co. report that during the last three months there were 1,300 failures in the United States, with liabilities of $18,942,893. For the same period last year there were 1,024 failures, with liabilities of $10,112,305.

—Reports from Virginia and North Carolina represent the quality and color of the tobacco crop as being fully equal to that of 1880.

—A chemical examination of Guiteau's poisoned bouquet shows that the large bud contained arsenious acid largely in excess of a fatal dose.

—Secretary Folger's son is ill in Minnesota, and is not expected to live.

—Through a collision of railroad trains at a switch station, in Kansas, six persons lost their lives and several others were injured.

—The total reward offered for the arrest of the Taylor brothers, who recently killed a Sheriff and his deputy on a train in Tennessee, now amounts to $12,500.

—A notorious negro murderer named Jerry Cox, who was under sentence of death, set fire to the jail in which he was confined at Nashville, N. C., and was burned alive.

—Judge Folger accepts the nomination of the Republicans of New York for Governor. He gives his reasons in a lengthy letter of acceptance. Mr. Hepburn, the candidate for Congressman-at-large on the same ticket, declines the nomination.

—In the State Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at Pittsburg, Judge Trunkey decided that a railroad company must honor its tickets, whoever sells them, and that therefore the ticket, on its face, entitles the holder to the rights of a passenger between the points named on the ticket. This opinion reverses the judgment of the lower court and lays down the law in a refreshing way in regard to one phase of the "scalping" business.

—The members of the Grand Army of the Republic of Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia held a reunion in Pittsburg, Pa., on Monday. It is estimated that over 50,000 strangers were in the city.

—In the United States Circuit Court, at Utica, an application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Sergeant Mason, who attempted to shoot Guiteau, was denied.

—The monthly statement issued by the Treasury Department at Washington, shows that the public debt was reduced nearly $15,000,000 during September.

—Near Rochester, N. Y., a boy is fourteen died through having been injured upon a hay-cutting stalk.

—Last week's arrivals at Castle Garden, New York, numbered 7,855; for the month 32,843. The record shows an increase over last year of about 29,000.

—Wheeler, the San Francisco murderer, was resentenced to death.

—General Crook says there are no hostile Apaches in Arizona.

—George Travis, Mrs. Travis and their children, of Bridgeport, Pa., were dangerously poisoned by eating sausage.

—A number of men took possession of a train near Granada, Col., and robbed the express car. The passengers were protected by two sheriffs.

—At three o'clock on Saturday morning a fire broke out on the steamer R. E. Lee while on a trip to New Orleans, and about thirty miles below that city, which resulted in the total destruction of the boat and a terrible loss of life. The Lee was one of the most noted steamers on the river. By the disaster twenty lives were lost. The boat had a full cargo of cotton, lumber, etc.

—In the *Star* rowie trial, in Philadelphia, four of the accused were found guilty, and Joseph R. Black guilty, with a recommendation to mercy.

—Three men were killed and three injured by a premature blast near Newburg, N. Y.

SUMMARY MURDER.

—The Dublin police profess to have discovered the murderers of Lord Cavendish, but say it will be impossible to punish them without the aid of an informer.

—The arrangements for the trial of Arabi Bey and his comrades have been completed.

—A great fire has occurred at Smyrna, involving a loss of £25,000.

—Cholera is epidemic in Kotta-Radjo, ormen, and in Atcheen, Sumatra.

—The Greek troops on the Thessalian border are to be reinforced in view of trouble with Turkey.

—The Danish exploring vessels are reported ice-bound eighty miles east of Vaigats Island.

—Officers of Indian regiments in Egypt are to proceed to England so that the Queen may present them with war medals.

—A large quantity of dynamite has been discovered in railway trucks at Kief. It is believed that it was shipped by Nihilists.

—The knives used by the murderers of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke in Phœnix Park are said to have been found concealed in the rafters of a stable in Dublin.

—It is proposed that a series of exhibitions of Irish manufacture be given next year in England and the United States.

—Pressburg, Russia, will remain under martial law for one month on account of the anti-Jewish riots there.

—The brigades of General Wood and General Alison will form the British army of occupation in Egypt.

—The Czar has commuted the sentence of a Nihilist who had been condemned to death.

—The Porte had threatened to send into exile the Turkish laborers employed by the English in Egypt, but after several sharp letters from Lord Dufferin they were released.

—Colonel Burdan has refused an appointment in the Turkish military service.

—The Khedive has conferred the Grand Cross of the Order of Osmanieh upon Admiral Seymour.

—A society, whose object is the extermination of landlords and bailiffs, is said to have been discovered in Ireland.

—The castle and barracks at Enniskillen, Ireland, have been burned.

—Stanley, the explorer, denies that the French agent, De Brazza, has purchased any portion of African territory.

—Great damage has been caused in Ireland by a hurricane, which was said to be the severest experienced in twenty years.

—In a six days pedestrian contest for Sir John Astley's long distance championship belt at Birmingham, England, Littlewood made 415 miles and 6 laps, doing 414 miles in 70h. 20m. 5s., thus beating Dobler's record in America of 414 miles in seventy-two hours. Littlewood takes the belt and £50. Day, of Birmingham, was second, scoring 377 miles, and Corbett, of Aberdeen, third, with 347 miles. Pearce, of America, finished sixth, with a score of 306 miles and 8 laps. The competitors walked twelve hours daily.

WHAT IS ADVERTISING?

A FEW HINTS GIVEN UP BY A VETERAN NEWSPAPER JOURNEYMEN.

1. In general, to give information.

2. Specifically, to make known through the press. This is the commonly accepted meaning, and refers specially to giving information in regard to business of any kind.

The chief use of advertising is to facilitate the exchange of merchandise.

Three things are essential to mercantile success.

1. The merchant must have something to sell that the people want—something for which they are willing to exchange money or its equivalent.

2. He must be willing to sell it at a reasonable price.

3. He must make these facts known wherever he wishes customers.

To do this wisely he will choose such mediums for advertising as will give this information in the best manner to the greatest number of customers for the least money.

There is nothing equal to a well-conducted newspaper to advertise any legitimate business. It is universal, provokes no enmities, tells its story plainly and effectively, is a tireless and sleepless advocate, speaking for the advertiser at the most opportune moment in thousands of workshops, business places and homes, and is a John the Baptist preparing the way for the traveling agent, making his work easy and his success sure, if it does not make his mission unnecessary.

A business statement in its columns is commended to the favorable regard of its readers with the persuasive force of an introduction by a warm personal friend. And, oft repeated, it wins its way by the might of established irresistable law.

He will not expect something for nothing or from nothing. Therefore, he will not advertise his wares in ephemeral or occasional publications, printed to be given away in fabulous and spotty circulation numbers. Papers that cost nothing are usually worth nothing, except for waste paper.

But he will advertise in papers that have a *bona fide* regular circulation—that are subscribed and paid for—live papers that give the record of the actual life of this busy, stirring age. He will select such papers as are most eagerly and thoroughly read; that come home to the business and firesides of the people; that reach all classes and interest all readers in their respective neighborhoods. And these, outside of the great cities, are the country papers.

The city daily papers are the best mediums for the city retail trade, for they are the people's organs and bear the same relation to the large city that the weekly does to the small city, village or country town.

But for the wholesale trade and business enterprises outside the large cities, the country papers are more valuable, and reach a great many more customers and readers than any daily of equal circulation in large cities. For these dailies have but a limited circulation outside of these cities.

The country papers are the most thoroughly read. Every business man takes and reads his own county or district paper. He scans the advertisements, for his own advertisment is usually, if not always, displayed there.

The country paper interests all classes, and is read by all classes. The business man notices it, because, beside the general and local news, it contains the legal notices, the tax, Sheriff and Probate sales, and all classes read it because it describes the home life of the people in all their pursuits of business or pleasure, records the marriages, births and deaths, and faithfully reports their opinions, feelings, sympathies and hopes, in joy and in sorrow, in health and in sickness, in life and in death. It is the best and truest type of the people who have made this country great, and by whose zeal great cities live.

An advertisement in the home paper challenges the attention of the country business man with a force it could not have in a foreign paper. It is a delicate compliment to the town in which it is published and to the business men in it —a public testimonial that the town and its business men are worth cultivating. And they return the compliment.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE IT.—Mr. Waller, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Connecticut, the New York *Tribune* tells us, entered into active political life early, and among the many anecdotes told of him is one relating to his action in a State convention. He had made a motion which the president declared out of order. When Mr. Waller objected to the decision. The president asked: "Who's running this convention?" "I am," replied Mr. Waller (so the story runs); and he at once put the question and declared it carried, the president being too much taken aback by his audacity to remonstrate.

DIVORCE.—The Supreme Court of New Hampshire has ruled that when a divorce has been granted for a crime, the criminals must be prosecuted by the court officers. This is calculated to stop the practice of obtaining divorces by mutual agreement, a confession of guilt having heretofore led to no serious results. A test case is being tried at Northwood.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

WHAT THE PARTIES IN THE FIELD ARE DOING.

Secretary Folger accepts the nomination of the Republican State Convention for Governor. His letter of acceptance is a lengthy one. He was indifferent about receiving the nomination and was not glad when it came to him. He adds:

"In my judgment, for any one placed as I am at this time to decline the nomination would produce the utter collapse of the Republican party. Those who urge me have not, I conceive, run out that act to its certain consequences. It would be to leave the party on the late eve of a highly important election without a candidate for the chief office in the State. It is so far an impracticability as to be almost an impossibility to name another person for the office who would be likely to meet with party acceptation."

He says that there is not time for a new convention, freshly chosen by the mass of the party throughout the State. Therefore the nominee feels bound to accept and leave his fate in the hands of the voters.

If elected he declares he will be "the representative of the whole party, subservient only to my [his] duty to be the chief magistrate of the whole people, unmoved by the appeals of faction, unswerved by the appliances of private interests, acknowledging no claim of partisanship, working supremely for the good of the Commonwealth."

Mr. Hepburn has declined the nomination for Congressman-at-Large tendered to him by the Republican State Convention of New York. Mr. Hepburn regards the circumstances attending the organization of the convention as having vitiated its entire action, and he thinks that party unity and harmony can be best secured by submitting anew the composition of the State ticket to "the representatives of the party assembled for such purpose." His declination leaves the task of selecting another nominee to the State Committee.

The New York Anti-Monopoly State Central Committee met in Albany on Tuesday and heard the reports of committees delegated to visit the Republican and Democratic State Conventions. The committee to whom the reports of those committees were referred had framed an address, which was read by the Secretary. It rehearses the aims and benefits to be derived from the success of Anti-Monopoly principles, and favored the support of the Democratic ticket intact during the coming election. It recommended that no candidates be nominated this year by the organization. The report was adopted by a nearly unanimous vote.

In the Eighth Massachusetts District Republican Convention Congressman Wm. A. Russell was renominated by acclamation. In the Seventh (the old Essex) District, Mr. Moody Boynton was nominated by the Greenback men. In the Sixth District E. H. Converse was nominated for Congress by the Republicans.

—The official vote of Maine shows the Republican plurality for Governor to be 8,872, and the majority 6,881. The total falling off in the vote this year was 9,278. The Fusion party lost 9,934 votes, 1,362 going to the Straightout Greenback candidate; the Republicans lost 870 votes, 270 being cast for the Independent Republican candidate; the Prohibitionists had 23 votes less than the combined Prohibition and Enforced Prohibition votes of 1880, and there were 20 less scattering votes.

—The New York State Temperance Convention, composed of delegates from local temperance societies and churches, about six hundred in number, met in Syracuse to agree upon a basis of a single prohibitory ticket and to call the State constitution. The movement resulted in the organization of a Prohibition Society, to propose, and, if possible, carry through an amendment to the State Constitution. The following resolution was adopted: *Resolved*, That we do not identify ourselves with any partisan movement, but as a Convention representing temperance societies and Christian churches of the State of New York we do seek such legislation as shall free our noble State from the power of rum, which we recognize as an enemy of all that is good; and we do hereby call upon all good citizens, irrespective of party or creed, to aid in this object.

—The Connecticut Democratic State Convention nominated T. M. Waller for Governor, G. G. Sumner for Lieutenant-Governor, D. W. Northrup for Secretary of State, Dr. A. R. Goodrich for Treasurer, and T. R. Sanford for Comptroller. The platform adopted pledges undivided support to the Constitution of the United States and the constitutions of the several States as forming an indestructible union of indestructible States; a hearty support to the vigorous action of the General Government in the wise exercise of all powers to it assigned; to fearlessly maintain the independence of the States in the wise exercise of all powers not assigned to the General Government; economy, a tariff for revenue only, abolition of fee system of officers, Civil Service reform and the protection of the ballot; denounces the proposed submission of a prohibitory amendment to the Constitution to the people and approves the President's veto of the River and Harbor bill.

—Returns from the election in Delaware show that the State has given a light Democratic majority on the Inspector's ticket, and a light Republican majority on the Assessor's ticket.

—In Georgia, Stephens, the Democratic nominee for Governor, carried nearly every county, and his majority points to 40,000 or 50,000 in the State. The regularly nominated democratic ticket for State House officers is elected.

—The Vermont Legislature met and organized. A democratic clergyman, Rev. Howard F. Hill, of Montpelier, was elected chaplain of the House.

—Judge Andrews has accepted the Republican nomination for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of the State of New York.

—At the Republican Convention of the Tenth Congressional District of Massachusetts, Gen. W. Rice was nominated by acclamation.

—F. A. Johnson, of Glens Falls, was nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Eighteenth Congressional District of New York.

Badly Frightened.

A young American teacher in Panama, writing to friends in Philadelphia about the recent earthquakes of the Isthmus, says: "The panic in the city was wonderful. Nearly every family who have a place to go to have left the city and are pitching tents out on the savannas. At least 1,000 people are encamped. All in the house sleep with their stockings on, their slippers close beside them, and their clothes in a bundle where they can grasp them and run. Imagine what a condition this is to be living in! What renders it doubly severe is that we know not what to expect; no one has any theory by which to explain the disturbance. You have read of the earthquakes, but no word of tongue or pen can describe their horrors, even in this mild form. The greatest consternation prevails everywhere."

YOUNG men think old men fools, and old men know young men to be so.—*Dr. Mussafi.*

An Infernal Machine.

The new session of the Supreme Court of the United States, a Washington letter says, was the means of unearthing an incident in the history of Associate Justice Stephen J. Field, which has probably not yet been published. Passing down the avenue, your correspondent was called by a dealer in firearms, sporting traps and other paraphernalia, and asked if he had seen the infernal machine that had been sent to Judge Field. He was taken into the rear of the store, and the case of a daguerreotype was discovered lying upon the counter. "Examine this," said the dealer, "and tell me what you think of it." A close inspection showed that concealed in this case were ten metallic cartridges, with the sides filed, exposing powder, and firmly imbedded in wax. An ordinary piece of sandpaper was connected with the hasp of the case, which, if opened from the front, would cause the ignition of a bundle of matches. The case, however, had been opened from the back, and the infernal instrument had failed to accomplish its design.

A clipping from a newspaper pasted in the case detailed an account of a decision by Judge Field regarding the title of certain property in San Francisco, Cal., and it is supposed that the machine was the contrivance of some disappointed litigant. Further inquiry showed that the package came by mail, but was regarded with suspicion by the inmates of Judge Field's residence, and the parcel was placed over night in a pail of water. Afterward it was pried open from behind, and the deadly nature of its contents divulged. Had any one forced the clasp open, as is the custom in handling small cases of this kind, nothing short of a miracle could have prevented the discharge of the metallic cartridges.

"This plaything," continued the dealer, "was brought to me by a servant of Judge Field, with the request that I would extract the powder from the cartridges and render it as harmless as possible. I have succeeded in prying out all the cartridges and am removing the powder through the hole filed in them by the maker of the machine."

Killed by Electricity.

The first fatal accident with electric light wires in this city occurred at Canal and Elizabeth streets. Two men employed by the Brush Electric Lighting Company were engaged at the time transferring wires from telegraph poles on the east side of Elizabeth street to higher poles on the west side of the street. In order to transfer the wires the workmen were obliged to introduce sections about ten feet long at each pole. The insulating coverings of the wires were removed for a distance of a few inches near the poles, and when the ends of the sections had been attached, the wires were cut and transferred. Joseph Staman, a lineman who lived in East Houston street, was working on a pole at Canal and Elizabeth streets. Contrary to orders he removed the coverings of both the electric light wires on the cross arm where he worked before attaching the ends of a section to either wire. His body at once formed a connection between the positive and negative wires.

Frederick Layman, the assistant foreman, noticed Staman hanging from the two wires, each hand firmly clasped. His body was swaying to and fro in the air and his limbs trembled convulsively, while his features were drawn out of shape by the agony he was enduring. An alarm was given and other linemen were sent up the telegraph pole. They first cut the wires to prevent further harm. Then they lowered Staman to the street. He was still alive, but insensible. He was carried to the Elizabeth street police station, where he died in about fifteen minutes. The only visible effect of the electric current on Staman's body was on the palms of his hands. There the skin had been burned away and the flesh was blackened. Staman was thirty-one years old and was married.—*New York Tribune.*

States and Square Miles.

The largest State in the civilized world is Texas, which boasts an area of 274,356 square miles; the smallest is the little State of Monaco, in Europe, which has only an area of six square miles. The Austrian empire contains 240,943 square miles; the German empire, 212,091; France, 204,091; Spain, 177,781; Sweden, 168,042; California, 157,801; Dakota, 150,932; Territory of Montana, 143,776; Norway, 122,280; New Mexico, 121,201; Great Britain and Ireland, 120,879; Italy, 114,296; Arizona, 113,916; Nevada, 112,090; Colorado, 104,500; Territory of Wyoming, 97,883; Oregon, 95,274; Territory of Idaho, 86,294; Territory of Utah 84,476; Minnesota, 83,531; Kansas, 80,891; Nebraska, 75,995; Territory of Washington, 69,994; Indian Territory, 68,991; Missouri, 65,350; Turkey in Europe, 62,028. Then come a number of other American States, after which are Roumania, 45,642; Bosnia and Hercegovina, 28,125; Bulgaria, 24,360; Servia, 20,850; Netherlands, 20,527; Greece, 19,941; Switzerland, 15,235; Denmark, 14,553; Eastern Roumelia, 13,500; Belgium, 11,373, and Montenegro, 1,770.

The Fisheries.

The International Fisheries Exhibition of next year will be on a grand scale. Mr. Birbeck, M. P., head of the Executive Committee, has issued a report which informs us that the Imperial Government of China has applied for space, that Canada wants 10,000 square feet, and that nearly all countries have come in. There will be prizes for models of fishing and carrier boats; four money prizes, offered by Ashmead Bartlett Burdett-Coutts for the best collections of fishing rods; a prize of $100, given by the Baroness Burdett-Coutts for the best plan of a fish market; and a prize of $300 for the best model of a carrier boat, the boat to be specially adapted for preserving the lives of her crew. The English Government will strike medals at the Mint as rewards of merit, will issue diplomas of honor, and will probably make a grant of public money toward the expenses of the exhibition.

WIRE.—The length of the submarine cables in the whole world is estimated to be 64,000 miles and their value to be $262,000,000. The length of all the wires in the world would reach 48 times around the earth.

THE GAMBLERS' CHALLENGE.

Dr. Talmage Describing the Vice which Defies Authority and the Men who Prey upon Society.

On Sunday morning, the Rev. Dr. Talmage chose his text from II. Kings, xix., 27,28—"But I know thy abode, and thy going out and thy coming in and thy rage against me. Because thy rage against me and thy tumult is come up into mine ears, therefore I will put my hook in thy nose and my bridle in thy lips, and I will turn thee back by the way by which thou camest."

Sennacherib, the infamous, said Dr. Talmage, had taxed and outraged the people so that it was absolutely necessary to put a stop to it. The Lord determined that he would put a check upon Sennacherib, and not in any gentle way either, but would handle him as a butcher might handle a beast. The gambling evil in our community has assumed imperial airs. It is a modern Sennacherib. It has taxed and oppressed the people almost to their financial and spiritual death. It was never more arrant than it is to-day. We all know that an effort has lately been made by the authorities of these two great cities to suppress gambling, and now the gamblers in their turn are making a bold attempt to overthrow the law. General Wolseley prophesied that on the 13th day of September he would have Arabi Pasha a prisoner, and behold he did. The gamblers of New York and Brooklyn gave notice that on the 25th day of September they would open their pool rooms and their gambling saloons, and they kept their promise. In Long Island City the pool rooms were set in full blast once more, and the authorities say they can do nothing. A coroner of the city allows his own premises to become an entrance to one of these pandemoniums. He does it probably with an eye to business. The way to a gambling house is very apt to be the way to death.

The District Attorney is notified by means of an anonymous letter that he had better look out. Politicians are told that they can never be Mayor, never be District Attorney, never be anything in political life, if they oppose the gamblers. On a visit to Cincinnati lately I heard the clinking of the gamblers' dice on a public street as I was going toward the railroad depot. In a country town not far from there I saw a group of men gambling in front of one of the prominent hotels, while other men were visiting an agricultural fair then taking place in the town and were thanking God for the prosperity of the season just ended. The gambling evil has rolled over our whole land. It is a Sennacherib which needs to have an iron hook put in its mouth. No person can rightfully say, "This vice has no relation to me." No doubt there are scores of families in this house this morning who have been touched by it, some without knowing it. No doubt there are young men here with gambling tickets in their pockets. There are three thousand five hundred professional gamblers in this group of cities, and just as much as the lawyer, the merchant or the mechanic must attend daily to his business so must these gamblers attend to theirs of preying on society. Only nine of all the gambling establishments profess to be honestly conducted. There are three classes of them.

To find the first class you go a little off Broadway, pass up marble stairways and are ushered into the place and introduced by liveried servants. Here is a piece of magnificent furniture; it cost I don't know how much; it is a roulette table. Over there is the faro table. Rich carpets are on the floor, expensive pictures are on the walls—"Jepthah's Daughter" and Dante's frozen picture of hell, the latter a most appropriate picture. Then there is the banqueting room, where one may have free lunch or supper, the best of liquors, the best cigars—all free. The gambling houses of the second class are very different from those just described. If you get into one of these you must either gamble or flight. Loaded dice, sanded cards, bad liquors will help you to get through with your money in short metre and with no staccato pauses. Wrangle not in that place for your rights or your wounded body may be thrown into the street, or possibly your dead body may be fished out of the river. In gambling places of the third class there are none of the allurements of the first. There are gigs and saddles and horses, and many a man gets upon one of these gigs or into one of those saddles and drives straight down the road to ruin. In most of these places you will find a sign up, "Exchange." Most appropriate sign! It means the exchange of your soul, or your mortal and immortal self for a lost reputation and a lost future.

Some people are possessed of a natural aptitude for hazard. They find a great deal of pleasure in going near the edge of a precipice. Don't blame them for the aptitude, but blame them for the way in which they develop it or put it down. Here is a man with $500, and he says: "I might plunge with that and make $5,000. To be sure I may lose, but I shall have had some excitement any way. Shuffle the cards! Deal! Lost. Oh, well; ha! ha! ha! I've had some pleasure out of it." Gamblers always keep cool. They do not watch the dice so much as the dollar behind it. They appear, like the spider, to be dead until the fly is in the web. A young man thinks he ought to have a larger income. He will make a fortune at a single stroke. Here goes! Self-respect thrown aside; principles thrown aside. Who cares! When a young man or an old one consents to live beyond his means, Satan has bought him out and out. The bargain is completed, and it is only a question of the time for delivering the goods.

One of the worst features of this gambling business is that the cases of hardest experience go unread. Men who have lost heavily do not as a rule care to say anything about it. Of course, there are exceptional cases, as when some of the best known State street merchants are found in a gambling house that is raided suddenly in Boston; when Treasurer Bullock, of Georgia, gambles away $103,000 of other people's money, or as when a young man in Wall street throws $180,000 into the vortex speculation. The excitement incidental to business is largely responsible for the inclination of men to go to gambling houses. Life in Wall street disqualifies a man for going home when his business is ended. Sir Horace Walpole tells a story of a man who fell dead on the street in front of a gambling haunt, and when his body was taken inside the gamblers began to make wagers as to whether the man was dead or not. Oh, it's a merciless business!

HARVESTING AND STORING POTATOES.

Potatoes should be lifted from the ground in cool, clear weather, when the soil is dry and the roots will come out clean. Some cultivators there are who still cling to the old practice of leaving potatoes in the ground until after the first frosts and the vines are dead. The larger class, however, harvest this crop as soon as the tops have ceased to grow and when the vines begin to wither. The best plan, as a rule, is to harvest the potato crop directly after the tubers are well ripened, unless there are indications of continued warm weather, in which case they are liable to become damaged if stored. Another exception to the rule suggested is made when there is not to contend with; then many growers prefer to let the disease run its course under ground, believing that exposure to the light increases the disease in the affected tubers and tends to spread it to the sound ones. If rot appears after harvest the sound potatoes are carefully separated from the diseased ones, placed in layers, and covered with burned clay, ashes or other absorbent to prevent contagion from any that may be imperceptibly affected. Before final bulking it is sometimes necessary to sort the potatoes again, but all unnecessary handling should be avoided after January 1, as some varieties are liable to sprout from that date forward.

Potatoes should be put in a cool dark place as soon as practicable after harvesting, for they are liable to injury by exposure to either light or warmth. Some cultivators take potatoes immediately from the field to the place of storing. This plan is a safe one only when the tubers have come out of the ground in good condition; where there are the slightest indications of rot, or if the potatoes were harvested in damp weather, the plan is to be avoided. A better one is that of spreading the roots on the barn floor in lathed bins, or other cool place out of the sun, until time for final storing.

There are three methods of storing in general use, each of which has its merits and its champions. These are storing in barrels, bins, heaps or pits. The same general principles underlie these several methods, viz.: Protection against frosts and changes of temperature, freedom from moisture and avoidance of heating caused by storing too deep. The advantages claimed for storing in barrels are that the roots are easily handled, do not suffer from abrasion, can be easily examined, and if disease appears it can be readily checked or removed. The chief objection to this method is the time and expense involved when the crop is a large one.

Bins are coming largely into use, especially in localities near large cities, for the potatoes can at any time be readily reached and prepared for market. A cool, dry, well-ventilated cellar, with the light excluded, is an admirable place in which to store potatoes. The argument in favor of storing potatoes under ground is that there is little if any loss by evaporation. Objections to the plan are the labor involved in opening the banks when the roots are required and the risk involved from the extremes of too close or insufficient covering. When pits are employed it is important that arrangement be made for ventilation.

When stored in cellars, barns or roothouses it is a safe plan not to fill the bins with roots to a depth exceeding three or four feet. It has been claimed that lime sprinkled in barrels or bins at the rate say of one pound to each barrel, tends to prevent decay by acting as an absorbent and neutralizing the earthy odors. The importance of excluding light from potatoes and keeping them as cool as possible without freezing cannot be over-estimated.

"All Ought to Know."

TITUSVILLE, Pa., March, 13, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—I am fully satisfied that your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure saved my life, and that I would have been dead months ago had I not used it. I look upon it as a great blessing to mankind and a remedy that all ought to know. J. A. COUTANT.

THERE is but one happiness—duty. There is but one consolation—work. There is but one safeguard—the faithful.

PURE COD LIVER OIL, from selected livers, on the seashore, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., N. Y. Absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians declare it unequaled in all other oils.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, pimples and rough skin cured by using Juniper Tar Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York.

Truth is tough. It will not break, like a bubble, at a touch; it will be round and full at evening. O. W. Holmes.

MARKET NOTES.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The Wholesale New York market quotations show:

BEANS—Prime $2.80@3.00; fair to good, $2.35@2.75 per bushel.

BUTTER.—New York sold at 23@24c. for choice in pails, and 24@25c. common to good. Western sold at 20@20c. and the common Western at 18@19c.

CHEESE—Factory fancy, 12c@12¾c; do. fair to good, 8@9c.

EGGS—Quotations ranged from 26c. for ordinary, to 30c. for New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

FLOUR—Superfine, $2.90@4.00; Western, $4.05@8.50; extra New York, $4.40@6.75. HAY—Shipping, 35@60c.; clover, 65@70c. PEAS, 85c. RYE, 90@95c.

HOGS—New York, 60@65c.; Eastern, 25@ 32c.; yearlings, 14@24c.; olds, 7@14c.

PETROLEUM.—Refined, 9c.; crude, 6¼@ 7c. in bulk; in barrels, 7¾c.; naphtha, 6½c. in shipping order, and 11¾@12½c. in cases.

PORK—New mess, $21.25@22.25; dressed hogs, 11@11½c.

WOOL—Spring No. 3, $1.20@1.43; Milwaukee, No. 2, $1.36; amber, $1.32@1.40; white, 98c.@1.14½c.

RYE—State, 74@78c.

WOOL—Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia, XXX, 45@46c.; XX, 42@45c.; X, 42@43c.; No. 1, 45@47c.; No. 2, 38@40c.; common, 33@35c.; New York and Western XX and X, 39@45½c.; No. 1, 44@46c.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

FLOUR—State family, ——@4.75; rye flour, $4.25@4.38; wheat, State, @—@ $1.13; amber, $1.43; corn, yellow, 73c.; mixed State, 71c.

PETROLEUM—Refined, 10c.; crude, 6½c.

WOOL—State and Western XX, 46@50c.; X, 47@48c.; medium, 50@52c.; coarse, 45c.

BOSTON MARKET.

FLOUR—From $3.75@4.00 for low and medium, to $5.00@7.00 for choice Minnesota. CORN, 69@69c. for mixed and yellow.

BUTTER—Common, 22@24c.; Vermont dairy, 25@28c.; choice creamery, 29@31c.

CHEESE—11½@12c.

EGGS—$3.00@3.55.

HAY—Choice, $20@21.

CATTLE MARKETS.

BUFFALO — Cattle, good quality, $6.00@ $6.10; hogs, fair to good, $8.00@8.60; best, $8.75.

EAST LIBERTY, PENN.—Best cattle, $6.50@ $7.00; medium to good, $5.50@6.30; common to fair, $4.00@4.50; fat ox, $6.75@7.00; fat cows, $4.00@5.00; Philadelphia, $6.75@8.00. Sheep, $4.50@5.00.

WATERTOWN, MASS.—Cattle, choice, $10.00 @10.25; extra, $9.25@9.75; first quality, $8.00@8.75; second quality, $5.50@7.50; third quality, $4.00@5.00. Sheep and lambs —wool sheep, $2.50@5.00; extra, $5.50@ $6.25; spring lambs, $6@8c. Veal calves 9@7½c.

LADIES, send 25c. to Strawbridge & Clothier, 8th and Market Sts., Philadelphia, and receive their *Fashion Quarterly* for six months. New music and 1,000 engravings in each number.

RECOLLECTION is the only paradise out of which we cannot be driven.—Caron.

NATURAL petroleum, deprived of its color and disagreeable odor without distillation and the addition of acids or alkalies, is what the Carboline is made from. As now improved and perfected it is a beautiful preparation, and performs all that is claimed for it as a hair restorer.

THE man that dares irritate because he can With safety to himself, is not a man.—Cowper.

"Rough on Rats."

The thing desired found at last. Ask druggist for Rough on Rats. It clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bedbugs. 15c., boxes.

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

WILSON J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says in the fall of 1878 I was taken with SCARLET FEVER which followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1879 I was admitted to the hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half-dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past. I write this hoping every one afflicted with Diseased Lungs will take DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. I can positively say it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness.

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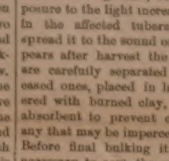
HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



The brine antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This fortifier is one of the most popular remedies of an age of unsurpassed progress, and specifics, sure to its immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wine glassful three times a day is the best possible preventive for encountering a main from atmosphere, regulating the liver and invigorating the body. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

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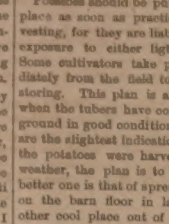

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MERCHANT'S GARGLING OIL is the oldest and the standard liniment of the United States. Large size, $1.00; medium 50 cents; small, 25 cents; small size for family use, 25 cents. Merchant's Worm Tablets, 25 cents. For sale by every druggist and dealer in general merchandise.

For Family Use.

The Gargling Oil Liniment with WHITE WRAPPER, prepared for human flesh, is put up in small bottles only, and does not stain the skin. Price 25 cents.

The Gargling Oil Almanac for 1883

Is now in the hands of our printer, and will be ready for distribution during the months of November and December, 1882. The Almanac for the coming year will be more useful and instructive than ever, and will be sent free to any address. Write for one.

Ask the Nearest Druggist.

If the dealers in your place do not keep Merchant's Gargling Oil for sale, insist upon their sending to us, or where the best their medicines, and get it. Keep the bottle well shaken, and shake it before using. Yellow wrapper for animal and white for human flesh.

Special Notice.

The Merchant's Gargling Oil has been in use as a liniment for half a century. All we ask is a fair trial, but be sure and follow directions.

The Gargling Oil and Merchant's Worm Tablets are for sale by all druggists and dealers in general merchandise throughout the world.

Manufactured at Lockport, N. Y., by Merchant's Gargling Oil Company.

John Hodge

Secretary.

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for Violin, Guitar, Cornet, Piano, Cabinet Organ, German Accordeon, Flageolet, Clarionet, Flute, Fife and Banjo. Eleven books, by SEE WINNER. The newest and best ever published. Does going, with new, modern and everyday music. The Ideal Method for Violin, alone, has 24 instructive pages and 86 good tunes.

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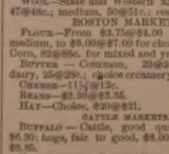

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